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"RETURN TO METHODS OF PEACE"

Top Priority For Indian Issue

Chagla's Plea At U.N.O. Legal Committee

LAKE, SUCCESS, Nov. 3 (U.P.A.): Justice Chagla, during last night's session of the General Assembly's Committee Six (Legal), demanded that the committee give top priority to India's complaint against the alleged mistreatment of Indians in the Union of South Africa.

The United Nations General Assembly already has decided that the dispute should be considered jointly by the Legal and Political Security Committees.

After only a brief debate, the Legal Committee instructed Dr. Roberts Jimez of Panama to confer immediately with representatives of the Political and Security Committee to arrange a joint meeting as soon as possible.

United States Representative Charles Fahy suggested that the two full committees of fifty-one members each meet jointly at least once and then consider the desirability of appointing a joint sub-committee to tackle the problem. The Political and Security Committee was brought into the case to consider its merits while Legal Committee will consider whether the United Nations has jurisdiction in the case.

It may be recalled that South Africa's Smuts argued that the matter was entirely a domestic one which was outside the United Nations jurisdiction.

Sowing Seeds Of World War III

DARESSALAAM, Nov. 3. (Reuter): The continuance of racial discrimination might sow seeds of a Third World War, said Mr. Sorabji Rustomji, leader of the Indian South African passive resistance movement, at Daressalaam, today, in a special interview while on a flying boat 'en route' for the United Kingdom and New York.

Mr. Rustomji is joining the South African Indian delegation at New York in protesting against anti-Indian laws in South Africa.

"If racial oppression and colour bar do not go then the United Nations Organisation must fail, and the failure of this organisation means World War III," he said.

Mr. Rustomji is the leader of the Passive Resistance movement in South Africa, and has served several sentences of imprisonment. On behalf of the movement he led the South African Indian Delegation sent to India recently for the same purpose.

STOP PRESS

80 DEAD IN NOAKHALI AND TIPPERAH

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3 (A.P.A.): An official spokesman touring with the Viceroy, Lord Wavell, in the disturbed areas of East Bengal said on Saturday that the Government estimated that there were about 80 dead as a result of the riots in the Noakhali and Tipperah Districts.

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Interim Govt. Members Make Joint Appeal

PROMISE PROMPT REMOVAL OF PERIL AND ITS CAUSES

Between 300 And 400 Dead In Bihar Disturbances

CALCUTTA, November 3. (A.P.I.): Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Sardar Patel and Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar in a joint statement today most earnestly appeal for cessation of violence and for a return to the methods of peace.

The four members of the Interim Government say:

Calcutta and Bengal have called us for a long time and our minds and hearts have been full of the tragedies that have taken place in this great city and the premier province of India. We have come here at last on this brief visit to offer our homage to the innocent people who have suffered and to the brave spirits who have given help and succour at a time of grave peril and urgent need. We do not wish to say anything at this stage about controversial matters for the situation is difficult and delicate and a wrong word may complicate it still further. It is our duty, as it is of all others, to do the utmost that lies in us to put an end not only to the immediate perils but also the basic causes which have given rise to them. We shall endeavour to do this to the best of our ability.

STOP VIOLENCE

Meanwhile we venture to make an urgent and earnest appeal to all our countrymen, not only in Calcutta and Bengal, but all over India. Much has happened in the recent past which has degraded Indian humanity and shamed us before others. Whatever our differences might be, none of us should tolerate acts which degrade and brutalise our people. That ignoble method brings no solution and on that basis we can build no edifice of freedom. Violence against a neighbour and fellow citizen leads to counter and increasing violence and to the drying up of social and civic life. It leads to human degradation. We plead, therefore, most earnestly for a cessation of this violence and for a return to the methods of peace.

The news that has been coming from Bihar has also been distressing. We are proceeding to Patna today to gain firsthand information.

NEHRU AND PARTY IN PATNA

PATNA: Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. Abdur Rab Nishtar, members of the Interim Government, landed here at 4-50 p.m. from Calcutta. They were received by Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Premier, Mr. A. N. Sinha, Finance Minister, Mr. C. J. R. Creed, Inspector General of Police, Bihar Mr N. Bakshi, Commissioner, Patna Division, and Mr. Hussain Imam, President of the Bihar Provincial Muslim League, and other Muslim League leaders at the Bihar Flying Club aerodrome.

The members of the Interim Government are scheduled to leave tomorrow at 8 a. m. for Delhi.

BENGAL LEADERS' TALKS WITH NEHRU

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3 (API): Several Congress leaders and workers of Bengal met Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru at Dr. B. C. Roy's house this morning and had a long discussion with him about present situation in the country, particularly in Bengal.

A large crowd gathered in Wellington Square opposite Dr. Roy's residence since early this morning shouting "Vandemataram" and "Jai Hind". Panditji had to give them "darsan" twice.

After the meeting with the Bengal Congress Workers, Pandit Nehru left for Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose's house along with Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, who had meanwhile arrived there.

Interim Govt. Members Meet Bengal Governor

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): Pt. Nehru, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Sardar Patel and Sirdar Abdur Rab Nishtar had a forty-minutes meeting with His Excellency the Governor of Bengal at Government House this morning.

Following the interview with the Bengal Governor, Pandit Nehru proceeded to Dr. B. C. Roy's residence where he is staying and from there to Sodepore Ashram to meet Gandhiji. He was accompanied by Dr. Roy.

Sardar Patel accompanied by Mr. G. D. Birla, also proceeded to Sodepore Ashram.

The Congress Socialist leader, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, met Pandit Nehru today.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar visited some relief centres operating in Calcutta. A deputation of local Muslims met the

(Continued on page 5

City Police Open Fire 9 Times

Two Dead, 15 Injured In Stray Stabbings

BOMBAY, Sunday: Two persons have died and 15 others wounded in stabbing incidents reported from scattered areas of the city in the course of the day on Sunday, says a Press Note issued by the Director of Publicity, at midnight.

The areas where these isolated knife-attacks took place are: Grant Road, Dongree, Null Bazaar, Parel, Maharbouri, Mahim, Lamington Road, Kamattipura, Lower Parel and Agripada.

The cattle that a crowd dispersed by force in the morning were recovered by the police and taken to their destination.

Police opened fire on nine different occasions during Sunday. The localities where they did so are: Currey Road, Lal Baug, Golpitha, Maharbouri, Kamattipura, Lower Parel, Dongree and Dadar. In all 35 rounds were fired and eight persons were wounded by bullets

Twenty-five persons were arrested on the spot in stone-throwing incidents which were reported from about a dozen places in the city during the course of the day. The total arrests for the day numbered 54.

Two or three cases of acid throwing also took place.

Fire broke out in the hay bazaar in Mahaluxmi on Sunday evening and lasted two hours before it was brought under control by the fire brigade. The loss is estimated at Rs. 100,000. The exact cause of the fire is not known but the police do not suspect arson.

MOB ATTACKS CATTLE WAGONS

An earlier Press Note says: In one incident in Currey Road area, a crowd attacked railway wagons containing cattle and dispersed the animals. Two of the attendants in the wagons sustained only wounds. The police fired seven rounds. Three persons received bullet wounds.

"Two stabbing incidents have been reported from Dongri and Null Bazaar areas respectively this morning.

One of the injured is a fisherwoman selling fish in the market, and the other person, a man who was at the time travelling in a tram car.

"Nearly all mills in the city and all factories and workshops are closed for the week-end."

Sarat Postpones Calcutta Hartal

Sequel To Leaders' Assurances

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3 (API).—Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, in a statement today, announces that there will be no general suspension of business from tomorrow, for which he had appealed last week. Mr. Bose says: It is fortunate that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, members of the Interim Government, arrived in Calcutta yesterday. In view of the talks, I have had with them and with Maulana Abul Kalam Azad yesterday and this morning and on their advice and also with a view not to come in the way of the efforts that are now being made to bring peace to this long-suffering province. I have decided to postpone general suspension of business for the time being. There will, therefore, be no general suspension of business from tomorrow.

Suhrawardy Warns Hartal-Sponsors

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3 (A.P.A.): In an interview with the Associated Press of America, Mr. Suhrawardy said he did not expect that the plan of a group of leading Hindu businessmen to call a general hartal from November 4 to 13 would materialise.

The Chief Minister added that if it did he was prepared to withdraw the military and use only for defending essential services and also revoke the license of the businessmen who participated.

WAVELL BACK IN DELHI

Meets Bihar Premier On Way Home

NEW DELHI, November 3. (A.P.I.): His Excellency Lord Wavell, the Viceroy, returned to New Delhi after his tour of East Bengal and a short visit to Patna.

PATNA: His Excellency the Viceroy, on his way back from Calcutta, landed at the Bihta Aerodrome this morning at 9-15. Where he was received by Mr. Sri Krishna Sinha, Prime Minister of Bihar, and other high officials.

His Excellency left for Delhi after holding a brief consultation with the Prime Minister and the Chief Secretary to the Bihar Government.

Earlier:

Dacca gave the Viceroy and the Governor a great send off last night.

The Viceregal and gubernatorial party embarked on special steamer 'Kiwi' which anchored midstream for the night. At 7-30 a.m. 'Kiwi' heaved anchor and an hour later Lord Wavell and Sir Fredrick Burrows disembarked at Chandpur.

Lord Wavell gave the military, police and the magistracy an hour's hearing in the bungalow office of Mr. A. A. Khan, Sub-Divisional officer, while the Governor had informal conversations in the adjoining room with Hindu and Muslim non-officials, who then saw the Viceroy.

After interviews Lord Wavell accompanied by the Governor visited the relief centre where 3,800 Hindu evacuees cared for by Government with valuable assistance from the Marwari Relief Society.

Inquiries Into Noakhali And Tipperah Casualties

Mr. A. E. Simpson, I.C.S. Senior Sessions Judge has been appointed to enquire into the Tipperah casualties and Mr. R. Gupta I.C.S., former Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta to inquire into the Noakhali casualties.

The Viceroy today had long discussions with the Bengal Governor and later with Pandit Nehru, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Sardar Patel and Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar.

The Viceroy on his return trip to Delhi will halt for a brief talk with the Bihar Premier and chief officials at Patna.

SUPPLIES TO BE DROPPED BY PARACHUTE

CALCUTTA, Nov. 2 (A.P.I.): More than 300 tons of civil and military supplies will be dropped, within the next few weeks, by parachute, to 11 units of the Assam rifles garrisoning remote outposts in the Sadya, Balipara and Tirap frontier tracts, located along the Assam-Tibet and Assam-China borders.

'Dakota' aircraft of India Command have been allocated for this purpose and are now based at Mohanbari, in Assam, ready to start operations as soon as possible after the preliminary reconnaissances of the dropping zones have been completed.

Press Can Aid Much In Easing Riot Situation

KHER URGES EDITORS TO OBSERVE SELF-RESTRAINT

BOMBAY, Sunday: Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay, appealed to all sections of the Press to consider the restoration and maintenance of peace as its guiding aim, transcending all other tasks. Mr. Kher was addressing the editors of Indian languages newspapers this afternoon at a party where he was a guest of honour.

Mr. Kher said: "The ventilation of legitimate grievances with a view to their removal is one of your principal tasks and I am also aware that there are grievances galore everywhere. But in the peculiar circumstances in which we find ourselves, today I want to make a plea to all sections of the Press to consider the restoration and maintenance of peace as your guiding aim transcending all other tasks.

"While speaking in the Kolaba District the Governor said, 'what a wonderful thing it would be if our newspapers would agree for one day in each week to give news of nothing but good deeds and to say nothing but good of those parties and people they must dislike.' The Governor knew, and we all know, that this is not likely to happen but I appeal to you to avoid giving or, if you are unable to do that, to present with as great restraint as possible, news of disorders and of black deeds here and in Bengal or other outside places.

"Pray do not consider this as a restriction on the freedom of the Press or on civil liberties firstly because I am appealing to you for voluntary co-operation. You should yourself pass a self-denying ordinance; secondly, any restrictions that you may agree to impose will be for a very noble purpose and, thirdly, remember that this restraint will be necessary only so long as these disturbances last.

"Government has sought the co-operation of the public in forming ward peace committees and proposes to seek further co-operation in making its home guards schemes which will shortly be announced a great success. I take this opportunity to seek the co-operation of the whole Press and may I express the hope that with the Press sincerely co-operating in the achievement of communal peace and goodwill, its influence will be so great that it will soon put an end to the present disorders.

"The Id is approaching. I wish to the Muslims Id Mubarak and on the same day, I believe, falls the Kartiki Ekadashi. To the great Hindu community I appeal to show the great religious toleration which is the distinguishing characteristic of their ancient faith.

"And you members of the Press who belong to both these communities and are present here in such large numbers I wish to say remember the tremendous power—for good as well as for evil—of the word spoken or written—the word is "Brahma." May it be given to you to use your power only to heal and unite and not to hurt or divide."

In Poona

POONA: A bulb containing acid was thrown at two persons riding in a cycle-rickshaw in Poona, on Friday night. This incident, which took place in the eastern part of the city was reported to the police last night. Nobody was injured.

"Our Poona correspondent adds: "Quiet prevails in city, through strong police 'bandobast' is being maintained. A man carrying a dagger was arrested late on Saturday night in contravention of the District Magistrate order of carrying lethal weapons."

Appeal For Peace In Poona

POONA, Nov. 2 (A.P.I.): An appeal to members of different communities to maintain peace and tranquillity in Poona is made in a statement issued to-day over the signatures of local Hindu and Muslim leaders.

The statement follows a meeting which these leaders had with the District Magistrate of Poona to-day to discuss conditions in Poona following four stabbing incidents in the last three days.

In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD: Two persons were injured today when acid was thrown at them in the Alupur area. Another incident of acid-throwing occurred in the same area but nobody was injured.

In Allahabad

ALLAHABAD: Two stabbing incidents occurred last evening, one at Baxi Bazar and the other at Rani Mandi. The person who was stabbed at Baxi Bazar was a milkman. He died in hospital. The other man, it is stated, received minor injuries. Several arrests have been made.

"WE MUST ARM EVEN TO AVOID STRIFE"

Jinnah Appeals To Women To Make Muslims Mightiest Power In World

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): A fervent call to the Muslim women to play their full part in the great political struggle which Muslim India was carrying on was made by Mr. M. A Jinnah, addressing a crowded meeting of Muslim women held today in the Anglo-Arabic College. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Dayaganj Ward Women Muslim League.

Referring to the situation in the country, Mr. Jinnah said, "It is a delicate moment. You must have read in newspapers what terrible things are happening. Now you are realising what are your shortcomings and what is your strength."

He continued, "Now the only problem before you is that day and night you should work to make the Muslims a powerful nation which can face the mightiest power of the world."

"We do not want war and strife but want to live in peace", he said, and added: "But even to avoid strife we must muster up so much power and strength that others may realise that if they launched a war against the Muslims, their own losses would be severe and war would not benefit the aggressors."

Mr. Jinnah appealed to the Muslim women to remain united and asked them to give up the idea of sectarianism. "Unity should be our watch word", he said.

Referring to the role which women should play, Mr. Jinnah said, "From the early days of my life when I was a student I believed and still believe that no nation can make any progress without men and women marching together as an equal. It is the duty of everyone who loves his people and his country and believes in progress to take our women with us in our struggle for Pakistan. The great work which women should do is to train the new generations of Muslims so that they would become brave and fearless servants of the millat."

EXPELLED FOR SIDING WITH KASHMIR GOVT.

GENERAL SRINAGAR, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): Mir M. Yusuf, President of the Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference Committee of Action, has sent a telegram to Mr. M. A. Jinnah informing him that under instructions from Chaudhri Ghulam Abbas, President of the Muslim Conference, who is now in Srinagar Jail, he has expelled Chaudhri Amiddullah, acting President, from the Muslim Conference for what he calls "allying himself with the Kashmir Government and the National Conference."

Chaudhri Amidullah is at present in Delhi to acquaint Mr. Jinnah with the political conditions in Kashmir, following the arrest of Muslim Conference leaders and seek the League leader's advice.

ATTACKS ON MUSLIMS IN MINORITY PROVINCES

Jinnah's Assurances

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3, (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League has issued the following.

"I have been receiving reports of very grave and serious character of killing and destruction of property from the Muslim minority provinces such as Bihar U.P., C. P., Madras and Bombay and I assure the Muslims of the minority provinces that it was not due to indifference or neglect that I have been quiet. The matter is receiving my most careful attention and consideration.

"It was arranged that four members of the Interim Central Government should go to Patna. Besides Mr. Mohammed No man M.L.A. (Central has been deputed by the Muslim League Party in the Central Assembly to go to Bihar and enquiries are being made with regard to those parts of U.P., C P. Bihar Madras and Bombay where disturbances have taken place including East Bengal and Calcutta. I shall await the reports of our representatives(Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan and Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar on their arrival here.

"I naturally am very deeply grieved to hear the brutal and outrages happenings. At present I can only ask the Muslims to remain calm and peaceful and bear it with patience however aggressive or provocative may be the attitude of other people."

Chatterjea's Firm Resolve To Die

Women Delegates Fail To Dissuade Him From Continuing Fast

LONDON, Nov. 3 (U.P.A.): Twenty seven year-old Indian Nationalist K. Chatterjea, today, entered his third day of hunger strike for complete Indian Independence, and remarked between sips of salt water that newspaper accounts of the possibility of a Coalition Government in Bengal "sound encouraging."

Telegrams from Indian and British sympathisers continue to pour in to the young Indian who is keeping to his bed to retain his strength as long as possible.

His bedroom on the second floor of a friend's home in fashionable Kensington Park is crowded with well-wishers.

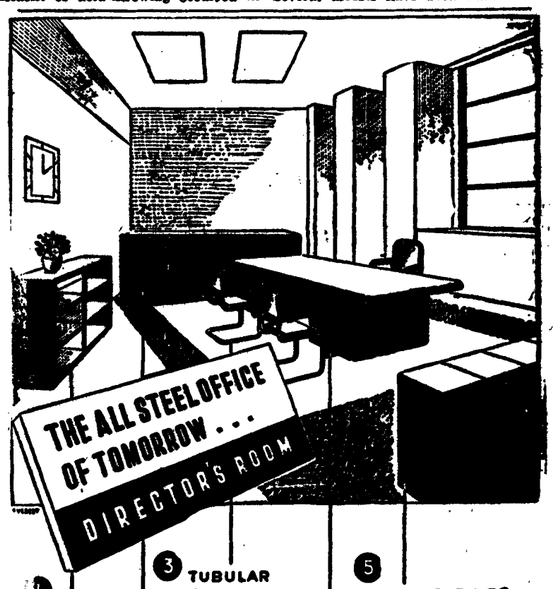
From his narrow twin bed, Chatterjea received a delegation of the India League's Women's Committee members, this afternoon, who visited him in an attempt to dissuade him from continuing his death fast, and told them he intended to die unless his country was freed.

Mrs. Jaikhisori Handoo, Secretary India League's Women Committee, tearfully told newspaper men after failing to persuade Chatterjea to stop his fast, "We re-echo the cause for which he is lying on a bed of self-sacrifice."

The women issued the following resolution to the press after a short meeting:

"The Indian Women's Committee of the India League expresses its abhorrence at abominable and cold-blooded acts which are being committed in Bengal and are spreading to other parts of India. These outrages, which bring brief and desolation to Indian homes are the direct result of the politics of hate practised in the past and encouraged in the present by sectional interests, and are part of a pre-arranged scheme of sabotage calculated to destroy Indian Nationalism and unity. Their effect can only be to postpone the day of India's complete freedom, and calls for unity and full support of the National Interim Government at this crucial period.

"We further denounce the obvious lack of adequate measures taken for the protection of populations against unbridled hooliganism, and call for a full investigation and punishment of those in authority, both Indian and British for permitting a calamity of such ghastly proportions to befall the people under their direct control."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Harnessing Of River Nile To Make It International Waterway

Egyptian's Scheme To Form Nile Valley Board That Will Raise Standard Of Living Throughout Vast Area

LONDON, Nov. 3 (Reuter): International support for a scheme to form a Nile Valley Board, which will control and develop, on a scale hitherto undreamed of, the resources of the Nile, is being sought by an Egyptian now in London. He is 61 year-old Adrien Daninos, a barrister and agricultural engineering expert, who has devoted his life to study the Nile.

He is going to France, Sweden, Switzerland, Italy, Belgium and the United States to seek support for his scheme.

He has plans, which, he claims, would make the Nile navigable to 2,000 miles and turn millions of the desert into flourishing agricultural communities. As a result Egypt's standard of living and her potential value as a world market would increase enormously. Mr. Daninos pointed out that the Nile is an international waterway of importance, not only to Egypt and the Sudan, but to Uganda Kenya, Tanganyika, the Belgian Congo, Ethiopia and Eritrea.

The only satisfactory method of getting maximum benefit from the Nile as a source of irrigation and electric power, and as an international highway, would be by some form of control by an International Board of administrators and experts. At present no such Board exists. Consequently international disputes are likely to arise when projects for harnessing the potential of the river are undertaken by individual Nile countries.

Mr. Daninos has plans for reclamation of seven and half million acres of the desert in Egypt and the adjacent territory and by harnessing provision for 5,000,000 horse power electric power which could be used to produce thousands of tons of fertilisers for the newly won agricultural land.

Mr. Daninos proposes a canal from the Nile delta by remodelling the Rosetra branch of the Nile irrigation of the Quattara depression and construction of a great new dam below Aswan Dam, which would incorporate locks and make the river navigable for thousands of miles. He says that the financial question does not present insuperable difficulties.

Egypt, Mr. Daninos says, has credits of about £1,000,000,000, and adds that Britain will, doubtless, be glad to have a hand in the enormous schemes envisaged, as well as a share in the hugely increased market that would result from the general rise in the standard of living throughout the Nile area.

"What I am seeking to form", he said 'is a panel of international authorities, who would have under them another board of international engineering experts—the present disjoined and hapzard method of Nile control must go, and the International Board should plan the river to be, as it ought, a great international waterway and source of food to millions."

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MAHATMA SUPPORTS NATAL INDIANS

No Participation In Reception To Royalty When They Visit South Africa

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 3. (A.P.I.): Mahatma Gandhi has supported the Natal Indian Congress Committees decision not to participate in the reception for Their Majesties and the Royal Princesses during their visit to Durban next year. Gandhiji has also agreed with their suggestion to the Durban Council to advise their Majesties to postpone their visit "until such time as there is peace and goodwill in South Africa between the rulers and the ruled, the whites and the non-whites".

Under the title "Plucky Stand" in to-day's "Harijan" Gandhiji reproducing the text of the reply of the Secretary of the Natal Indian Congress to the Mayoral Secretary of Durban, says: "The Natal Indian Congress Executive is to be congratulated on the reply. The Royal visit can evoke no feeling of joy among those who are fighting for their self-respect in South Africa, in the making of which they have had no mean share. Let us hope that the Royal visit will be postponed to a more propitious time when the colour bar has become a thing of the past".

PLEA FOR UNION OF KATHIAWAR STATES

Darbar Gopaldas's Substitute For Attachment Scheme

DHRANGADHRA, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.fl) Mr Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay, inaugurating the seventh session of the Kathiawar Political Conference, which commenced here last evening, expressed the hope that the ruling chiefs of Kathiawar would regard themselves first as servants of their peoples.

Mr. Desai exhorted the audience to preserve mental balance despite the recent unsavoury incidents which would best be construed as inescapable birthpangs of new India. He appealed to the Kathiawar chiefs to loose no time in granting full responsible governments to the people before the pressure of public opinion wrested it from them.

Messages from Sardar Valiabhbhai Patel, Mr. B. G. Kher and Dr. Pattabhi Sitarammayya were read out at the conference.

The Maharaja of Dhrangadha in his message conveyed his wholehearted support to the conference and hoped that a co-operative grouping of Kathiawar States would come into existence on broadbased principles of democracy.

Darbar Gopaldas Desai, who presided, said instead of the scheme of the Attachment of Smaller States the formation of a union of Kathiawar States would be a best means of ensuring strong democratic government pledged to the policy of furthering the vital needs and basic interests of the people.

Weather Holds Up Air Service

MADRAS, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): Yesterday's inclement weather had detained all southbound planes at Hyderabad (Dn) and passenger planes from Bombay and Delhi that were due yesterday had arrived only this noon.

U. S. War Veterans To Study Indian Arts

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 (U.P.I.): American war veterans are going to India to study her art and philosophy. More than 900 educational institutions in 68 countries would soon receive veterans of U.S.A. armed forces under the U.S.A. Government scheme, it was announced in Washington.

Nineteen veterans are going to India. It is believed that a majority of them will go to Santiniketan although three of them have expressed to work and study in Gandhiji's Wardha Ashram.

'Contribute To Common Pool'

Rajendra Prasad's Advice To Those Who Forego Food Rations

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3. (A.P.I.): In connection with the large number of offers received from persons willing to forego part of their food rations, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member in the Interim Government, has issued the following statement to the Press:

One of the most heartening aspects of the acute phase of the food crisis which our country is passing through to-day, is the magnificent manner in which individuals and areas better off than others, have agreed to spare whatever food they can to relieve the distress of others. During the past few weeks surplus provinces have again reviewed their own internal requirements and agreed to make available over 45,000 tons of foodgrains for deficit areas, even at the risk of some danger to themselves. Thousands of individuals and voluntary organisations from different parts of the country have written to us offering to forego part of their food rations, and they have asked us what they should do with these supplies. I wish to express my gratitude to all those who have expressed their desire to effect voluntary cuts in their own rations, as well as to those who are doubtless already doing so, but have not written to the Government.

After careful consideration of the problem from the administrative point of view, my advice to those in rationed areas is that they should contribute to the common pool by not drawing their full-scale rations, or if, by any chance they have house-hold stocks on their hands, they should refrain from drawing rations altogether until their present stocks are exhausted. The result of their self-denial will be reflected in lower offtakes from the ration shops, and the savings thus effected will be utilised elsewhere to the best advantage.

In the non-rationed areas, those who wish to donate grain should do so to local officers to be designated by the Provincial Governments, or else appoint some one from their own number commanding wide respect, to collect all quantities of grain from donors. When a substantial quantity has been collected, it should be delivered to an officer nominated by the Government.

To producers in rural areas, I renew my appeal to review the quantity they have kept for their own needs, and sell as much as they can, and as quickly as possible, either to local retailers or to Government procurement agencies. No one will be penalised for so far withholding grain, but the Government are not prepared to sanction a rise in grain prices above the levels at present in force.

Non-official voluntary organisations in rural as well as in non-rationed areas, can assist me in my very difficult task, by offering to collect grain from those desiring to sell even small quantities, or from those offering grain as donation, and delivering these supplies to Government officers.

CONTROL OF NARCOTICS

Frank Anthony Pledges India's Support To New Protocol

NEW YORK, Nov. 3. (Reuter): The Social and Humanitarin Committee of the United Nations General Assembly heard Mr. Frank Anthony pledge the Indian Government's support when Dr. P. C. Chang of China moved the adoption of a new Protocol on Narcotic Drugs to take over the functions of the old League of Nations conventions last night.

Mr. Anthony said that India was the only country, except France, to have ratified every Narcotics Convention since 1912.

"We have literally lost thousands of millions of dollars by banning the cultivation of popples and the manufacture and sale of Narcotic Drugs", he said. "India recognises the importance and urgency of this problem of control of Narcotics. My Government gives its complete endorsement to the proposal to transfer the functions exercised by the League of Nations to the United Nations. We have already accepted the invitation sent up to the Commission on Narcotics. India has a proud record both regarding international cooperation and international control of Narcotics. I have no doubt that India will adhere to the protocol".

Britain appealed for unanimous agreement to Dr. Chang's proposal.

The United States said there was no need for the question to go to a sub-committee, and Saudi Arabia also spoke in support.

After a confused debate on the old question whether Spain should be allowed to sign the Narcotics Protocol, the Committee voted in favour of the Economic and Social Councus recommendation to exclude Spain. The whole matter is now open for debate in the General Assembly on the Committee's report.

Ex-Minister Elected

PATNA, Nov. 3 (U.P.I.): In the East Central Shahabad General Rural Constituency by-election Mr. Jagial Chaudhary, ex-Minister, was elected yesterday securing 10,816 votes.

His rival Mr. Ramkesdir Chamar secured 2266 votes.

INDIA AGAINST GENOCIDE

LAKE SUCCESS, Nov. 3. (Reuter): India is among the three delegations demanding that the United Nations declare "genocide" (extermination of racial groups) among crimes ranking with humanity's worst.

In a resolution submitted by India, Panama and Cuba, it was declared that "genocide represents the denial of the right to existence to entire human groups in the same way as homicide is the denial of right to existence to an individual and such denial is contrary to the spirit and ends of the United Nations."

The resolution said that genocide had become a matter for international concern and asserted that "crimes of genocide have not only revolted human conscience but also have resulted in loss of culture".

THIS IS AN ANNOUNCEMENT ONLY AND NOT A PROSPECTUS

"Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue of capital by an order of which a complete copy is open to public inspection at the head office of the Company subject to the condition that the capital raised shall not be expended except for purposes connected with the establishment of a rayon factory at Kalyan and that so much of the capital raised as cannot be spent until the time has come to pay for imported machinery or until a later date shall be invested and kept invested meanwhile in the manner prescribed. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them."

A copy of the Prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Companies, Bombay, as required by Section 92(2) of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913.

THE NATIONAL RAYON CORPORATION LTD.

(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 on the thirtieth day of September 1946).

SUBSCRIPTION LIST WILL BE OPENED ON 4TH NOVEMBER 1946 AND WILL BE CLOSED ON 16TH NOVEMBER 1946 OR EARLIER IF THE DIRECTORS SO DECIDE.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL
Rs. 10,00,00,000
(RUPEES TEN CRORES)

DIVIDED INTO

5,00,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF RS. 100/- EACH, AND 5,00,000 5% CUMULATIVE (TAXABLE) PREFERENCE SHARES OF RS. 100/- EACH.

ISSUED CAPITAL
Rs. 3,50,00,000
(RUPEES THREE CRORES AND FIFTY LAKHS)

DIVIDED INTO

1,75,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF THE NOMINAL VALUE OF RS. 1,75,00,000 AND

1,75,000 5% CUMULATIVE (TAXABLE) PREFERENCE SHARES OF THE NOMINAL VALUE OF RS. 1,75,00,000.

Out of the above issue the following shares have either been taken up or reserved for allotment to:—

	ORDINARY	PREFERENCE
Promoters and their Friends ..	75,000	61,000
Underwriters and their Friends ..	5,000	26,500
Reserved for Skenandoa Rayon Corpn.	14,000	—
	94,000	87,500

THE BALANCE I.E. 81,000 ORDINARY SHARES OF THE NOMINAL VALUE OF Rs. 81,00,000 AND87,500 PREFERENCE SHARES OF THE NOMINAL VALUE OF Rs. 87,50,000 ARE NOW OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:—

Rs. 25/-, with application and Rs. 25/- on allotment and the balance of Rs. 50/- in two calls of Rs. 25/- each at an interval of not less than 2 months, the first call not to be made earlier than 2 months after allotment.

The Preference Shares carry the right to a fixed Cumulative Preferential Dividend of 5% (Taxable) per annum and the right in the event of winding up to preferential repayment of paid up capital and all arrears of dividend, if any, whether declared or not, but not to any participation in further profits or assets of the Company

Voting rights of Shares are one vote for every share held whether Ordinary or Preference.

DIRECTORS:

1. SIR PURSHOTAMDAS THAKURDAS, K.B.E., C.I.E. (Chairman), Navsari Chambers, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.
2. SIR ARDESHIR DALAL, K.C.I.E., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
3. WALCHAND HIRACHAND, Esq., Construction House, Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.
4. KASTURBHAI LALBHAI, Esq., Pankore Naka, AHMEDABAD.
5. SIR MANILAL B. NANAVATI, Kt., "Leela", Juhu, BOMBAY SUBURB.
6. NAVINCHANDRA MAFATLAL, Esq., 29, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
7. A. D. SHROFF, Esq., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
8. JIWANLAL CHOONILAL CHINAI, Esq. (ex-Officio Director), Chinai Building, 79, Musjid Bunder Road, BOMBAY.

RASIKLAL JIVANLAL CHINAI, Esq. (Special Director) Chinai Building, 79, Musjid Bunder Road, BOMBAY.

MANAGING AGENTS

CHINAI AND COMPANY LIMITED
Chinai Building,
79, Musjid Bunder Road,
BOMBAY.

BANKERS

THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED, Fort, BOMBAY.

BANK OF BARODA LIMITED, Fort, BOMBAY.

UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED, Fort, BOMBAY.

NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK Fort BOMBAY

SOLICITORS

1. Messrs. PAYNE & COMPANY, 54, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
2. Messrs. LAKHIA & COMPANY, 6, Bell Lane, Medows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

AUDITORS:

1. Messrs. DALAL AND SHAH, Incorporated & Registered Accountants, 49, Apollo St., Fort, BOMBAY.
2. Messrs. K. S. AIYER & COMPANY, Registered Accountants, Fort, BOMBAY.

UNDERWRITERS

THE INVESTMENT CORPORATION OF INDIA LIMITED
Ewart House, Bruce Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

REGISTERED OFFICE

CHINAI BUILDING,
79, Musjid Bunder Road, BOMBAY.

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Company has been formed generally for carrying out the objects set forth in the Memorandum of Association, and in particular, for installing and working in British India, or in the Indian States, Plant and Machinery for manufacturing Rayon Yarn (also known as Artificial Silk Yarn or Continuous Filament Rayon), Staple Fibre, and Yarn or Yarns for Textile or other use, and allied products including Transparent Paper as may be practicable or deemed expedient.

The Company has decided to put up at Kalyan near Bombay a well-equipped Rayon Plant with a capacity of 10 tons daily. The Company proposes to adopt the Viscose process because it is cheap time tested and basically sound. Practically all the raw materials and chemicals required for the manufacture of rayon yarn are available in India.

TECHNICAL HELP AND CONSULTING ENGINEERS

The promoters of the Company have made arrangement with the SKENANDOA RAYON CORPORATION one of the leading Rayon Yarn producers of U.S.A. and with MESSRS. LOCKWOOD GREENE & Co., INC., Consulting Engineers of New York. The Skenandoa Rayon Corporation have undertaken to render all technical help for the design, construction, erection and operation of the plant and to furnish the services of their experts as also to inform the Company of the improvements and changes in the methods, machinery and process of manufacture for a period of ten years. In consideration of the above, the Company will pay Skenandoa Rayon Corporation 6% of the total cost of plant, building, etc. with a minimum of U. S. $250,000 out of which $125,000 will be paid in cash and the balance in fully paid Ordinary Shares. For this purpose the Directors have reserved provisionally 14,000 Ordinary Shares out of the present issue.

PRELIMINARY EXPENSES

The preliminary expenses exclusive of the underwriting commission and brokerage are estimated at about Rs. 1,00,000 (Rupees One Lakh) in the aggregate.

MINIMUM SUBSCRIPTION

The minimum subscription on which the Directors will proceed to allotment, will be Rs. 1,75,00,000.

UNDER-WRITING COMMISSION AND BROKERAGE

(a) The Investment Corporation of India Ltd. have underwritten the issue of Rs. 2,00,00,000 i.e 1,14,000 Preference and 86,000 Ordinary Shares. A commission of 2-1/2% on the nominal value of the above shares of Rs. 2,00,00,000 will be payable to the Underwriters. In the opinion of the Directors the resources of the underwriters are sufficient to discharge the underwriting obligation.

(b) The Company will pay brokerage at the rate of annas twelve per Ordinary Share and annas eight per Preference Share to recognised brokers or banks on allotments made in respect of the applications bearing stamp of such brokers or banks.

The Company has agreed to pay commission aggregating Rs. 2,94,353/12/- for subscribing or procuring subscription privately of 50,720 Ordinary Shares and 53,810 Preference Shares.

MANAGING AGENTS

Chinai and Company Limited have been appointed Managing Agents of the Company for a period of 20 years commencing from the date of incorporation of the Company upon the following remuneration:—

(a) An office allowance of Rs. 3,500/- (Rupees three thousand and five hundred) per month.

(b) A commission of 10 per cent. per annum on the annual net profits of the Company as provided by Section 87C of the Indian Companies Act. The Managing Agents have agreed to forego their office allowance and commission until such time as the Company first makes profit out of which a dividend could be declared.

EX-OFFICIO AND SPECIAL DIRECTORS

Messrs. CHINAI AND COMPANY LIMITED as such Managing Agents have the right from time to time under the Articles of Association and the Managing Agency Agreement to appoint one Ex-Officio Director and one or more Special Directors who together with the Debenture Director or any other Director not liable to retire by rotation shall not exceed in number one-third of the total number of Directors for the time being of the Company.

DIRECTORS QUALIFICATION

The qualification of a Director of the Company (other than the Ex-officio Director or the Special Director or the Debenture Director) shall be the holding of shares in the Company of the aggregate nominal value of Rs. 25,000.

INTEREST OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Jiwanlal Choonilal Chinai and Mr. Rasiklal Jivanlal Chinai are Directors of Chinai and Company Limited the Managing Agents, and as such are interested in the remuneration to be paid to the said Company as Managing Agents of the Company. Mr. A. D. Shroff is a Director and Member and Sir Ardeshir Dalal a member of the Investment Corporation of India Limited who have underwritten the issue and who in addition to the underwriting commission are interested in the commission payable to the Managing Agents to the extent of annas four in a rupee in terms of the Sub-sharers Agreement between Chinai and Company Limited and the Investment Corporation of India Ltd

COPIES OF THE PROSPECTUS AND APPLICATION FORMS FOR ORDINARY AND PREFERENCE SHARES MAY BE HAD FROM—

(1) THE COMPANY'S REGISTERED OFFICE,

(2) THE INVESTMENT CORPORATION OF INDIA, LIMITED, EWART HOUSE, BRUCE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

(3) THE BANKERS OF THE COMPANY.

(a) THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA LTD. & ITS BRANCHES.

(b) BANK OF BARODA LIMITED & ITS BRANCHES.

(c) UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED & ITS BRANCHES,

(d) NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK, FORT, BOMBAY.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES MAY BE SENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTION IN THE PROSPECTUS WITH A REMITTANCE OF THE AMOUNT PAYABLE ON APPLICATION TO THE ABOVE MENTIONED ADDRESSES

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Government of Maharashtra
on 22 December, 2016

DOCKYARD LABOUR CONDITIONS

Scindia Spokesman On Rege Committee Report

BOMBAY, Nov. 2 (API): The observations of the Rege Committee in its report on the conditions of Dockyard Labour at Vizagapatam shipbuilding yard, that all workers in the yard are temporary, are based on a misunderstanding of the fact that the workers received their wages on daily rates, a spokesman of the Scindia Company, said to-day.

The spokesman pointed out an important distinction affecting this aspect of labour, as between labour employed mainly for ship repairs and those employed exclusively for ship building. The former is of a casual and intermittent character while the ship-building industry involving construction of ocean-going ships assures continuity of employment as, by its very nature, the job of completing a ship takes many months.

This position, the spokesman said, was true of the Scindias Ship-Building Yard at Vizagapatam where at present cargo ships of 8,000 tons are under construction. "It may be safely taken for granted that constant flow of work and, therefore, continuity of employment, amounting almost to permanency of service is assured to these shipyard workers at Vizagapatam," he added.

The management of the Ship-Building Yard at Vizagapatam, it is stated recently introduced graded scales of wages and also a provident fund scheme for all the workers.

As regards the Rege Committee's recommendations in the matter of standardisation of wages and occupations and introduction of trade tests, the management of the Yard decided upon a system of trade tests conducted by its own technical officers, and efforts are being made to build up an adequate and highly skilled labour force in the Ship-Building Yard on a long-term basis.

Egyptian Consulate's Greetings For 'Id'

BOMBAY, Sunday: A communication from the Consul-General for Egypt says; on the occasion of Bakr-Id the Consul-General for Egypt in Bombay presents greetings to all Muslims throughout India. The Consulate will remain open to visitors on the Id day from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

The offices of the Consulate will remain closed on the Id day and the three following days.

AURORA NOTE CHANGE IN TIMINGS:

Daily: 1-30, 4 & 6-30 p.m.

ADVENTURE! THRILLS! ACTION!

TO-MORROW MORNING AT 10-30 A.M.

"FRANKENSTEIN MEETS THE WOLFMAN"

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Manufacturers of: LEATHER & CANVAS GOODS.
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Annesley Road.
Near Minerva Cinema
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CITY AND SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Shud 10, 2003
Muslim: Zilhei 9, 1365
Parsi: Khordad 2, 1316
Sunrise 6-40 A. M. Sunset 6-5 P. M.
Hightide 07-41 20-08, Lowtide 00-33 14-39.

To-day's Engagements

NOTICE TO JURORS

Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' CONGRESS Meeting of the Executive Committee of the Congress at 4 p. m. today.

FEDERATION OF NATIONS: Subject for general discussion at 5-30 p. m. today at Mazdaznan.

AZAD SEVA DAL: Sjt. Shilbadhra Yajee, Vice-President of the All-India Forward Bloc, presided over the parade of the volunteers of "D" ward of the Azad Seva Dal on Sunday.

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER Third Quarterly General Meeting of the Members of the Chamber at 4-0 p. m. today in the Office of the Chamber.

FREEDOM GROUP meeting of the Group at 5-15 p. m. today in the Library Hall of the Cama Oriental Inst. Apollo Street, Fort, when Sjt. R. K. Karanjia of "Blitz" will answer questions from the members on Pandit Nehru's tour of the Frontier and Tribal areas.

BOMBAY ALL-MALAYALEE CONFERENCE: The Bombay All-Malayalee Conference was "At Home" to Mr. C. B. Kumar, till recently the Assistant Secretary of the Bombay Mill-Owners' Association' at Purohit's on Sunday last. Mr. Kumar is leaving for Geneva to join the International Labour Office as one of the Indian representatives.

ALL INDIA RADIO. debate broadcast in English at 9-45 p. m. (today) the subject being "Education at all stages must be the sole responsibility of the state". Dr. J. M. Kumarappa will move the proposition and Miss S. Panandikar will be the chief speaker for the opposition. Others who would take part are: Prof. G. Bannerji, Miss Kapila Khandwala, Mr. A. Dawood and Mr. M. Donde. Prof. P. Wadia will preside.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

On return from leave ex-India, Mr. A. E. Shields, I.C.S., is appointed as Collector of Dharwar, vice Mr. V. T. Dehejia, I.C.S., transferred.

On relief, Mr. Dehejia is appointed as Collector of Poona vice Mr. J. G. Simms, O.B.E., I.C.S., transferred.

On relief, Mr. Simms is appointed as Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Revenue and Reconstruction Dept., vice Mr. M. J. Desai, proceeded on leave.

Dr. G. S. Mody, is appointed Demonstrator in Anatomy, B. J. Medical College, Ahmedabad, from 10th Aug. 1946 pending further orders.

The following arrangements on the reversion of Mr. K. R. Gunjikar, I.E.S., officiating Director of Public Instruction are made to the Collegiate Branch:—

Mr. K. R. Gunjikar, I.E.S., to officiate as Principal, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, vice Mr. N. L. Ahmad, and to hold the I. E. Service post of Professor of Mathematics to be transferred to the Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, from the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay.

Mr. N. L. Ahmad, B.E.S.—Class I, to be Professor of History at the Gujarat College, Ahmedabad.

Mr. G. V. Bhagwat, B.E.S.—Class II, on relinquishing the B.E.S.—Class I, post of Professor of Mathematics at the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, to revert to B.E.S.—Class II, in the post of Lecturer in Mathematics to be transferred to the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, from the Gujarat College, Ahmedabad.

Dr. R. K. Modi, is appointed as Hon. Radiologist for two more years from 1st Aug. 1946 and Dr. (Miss) B. B. Nanavatti, as Hon. Obstetric and Gynaecological Surgeon, for two more years from the 1st Nov. 1946, at the Civil Hospital, Ahmedabad.

French Journalists' Strike Ends

PARIS, Nov. 2 (Reuter): The Journalists strike in the Lyons region ended today. The strike for a 25 per cent wage increase which started on Thursday was followed by walkout of journalists in several big provincial centres.

The terms of the settlement are not known.

SUDAN NEWSPAPER SUSPENDED

KHARTOUM, Nov. 2, (Reuter:): The Sudan Government to-day suspended for 15 days the newspaper "Umma", which is opposed to Egypt-Sudan union and supports the independent front, on charges of publishing articles described as "inflammatory" suggesting that the time was ripe for a holy war against Egypt.

TODAY ON RADIO

BOMBAY, NOV. 4 MONDAY
BOMBAY—1

244 m. (1,231/8)—7-30 a. m. Song of the week (By D'amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 P. G. Parab (Sitar) 8-45 Anand Ranade 9-0 S. B. Mane.

12 p. m. Bahnon Ke Liye (H) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mile Jule Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music 4-20 Girijabai Kelekar 4-45 Chandra Kulkarni 5-0 P G Parab (Sitar) 5-15 Anand Ranade 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Filmi Gane 6-30 Chandra Kulkarni 6-45 Master Nisar (Thumri) 7-0 Special 7-15 P. G. Parab (Sitar) 7-30 Girijabai Kelekar 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Talk in Gujarati by Dr D. T. Lakadawala 8-45 Marathi vinodi kavita: (1) Read by P.L. Deshpande 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 BBC News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 On to debate 10-0 Girijabai Kelekar 10-15 Anand Ranade 10-30 S. B. Mane.

AMNESTY FOR THREE LAKH JAPS

TOKIO, Nov. 3. (Reuter): "This morning the Emperor reported promulgation of the constitution to Imperial Sanctuaries within the palace grounds where the souls of Imperial ancestors are enshrined".

To-day is being celebrated as a double holiday to mark the promulgation of the new constitution and the birthday anniversary of the Emperor Meiji who promulgated the first Japanese constitution 57 years ago.

"Amnesty has been granted by the Emperor to 300,000 violaters of all wartime and military laws, political transgressors and other criminals" excepting those guilty of "infamous crimes and violation of the election laws in last April's elections".

NEW CONSTITUTION.

The ceremony of promulgation of the new Japanese constitution at the House of Peers went off smoothly this morning when the Emperor read a rescript and the Prime Minister, the President of the House of Peers and the Speaker of the House of Representatives read the replies.

The new constitution will become law of the land six months from today.

FOR VISITORS TO MEERUT CONGRESS

(From Congress House)

We are informed by the Secretary, Accommodation Committee, 54th Session of the Indian National Congress, Meerut, that the accommodation facilities are very limited because of shortage of time and materials. An influx over a million people in the city of Meerut is expected at the time of the Congress Session and it will be impossible for visitors from outside to find accommodation anywhere outside the camp. We are, therefore, advised by the Secretary of the Accommodation Committee to inform him as to the total accommodation that the Committee will have to make for visitors going to Meerut from Bombay in advance, so as to enable the Accommodation Committee to complete their arrangements in time.

Those who desire to attend the ensuing session at Meerut are requested by the B. P. C. C. to immediately reserve their accommodation requirements in its office at the Congress House so as to avoid any disappointment. The information regarding rates for various kinds of visitors' tickets, charges for accommodation and boarding will be made available on enquiry at this office.

DHRANGADHRA, Nov. 3. (A.P.I.): An appeal to the ruling chiefs and Hindu leaders of Kathiawar to remove the social disabilities of Harijans was made by Shrimati Sariadevi Sarabhai of Ahmedabad presiding over the Kathiawar Anti-untouchability Conference, to-day.

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09-00 Arr. BHAVNAGAR	Dept. 09-45

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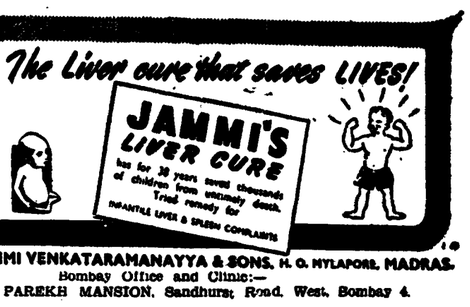
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BRAND
Ringworm Ointment
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FOR ALL SKIN DISEASES!!

THIS IS ONLY AN ANNOUNCEMENT, NOT A PROSPECTUS.

A copy of the prospectus has been filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bombay.

The company proposes to make applications to the Bombay, Calcutta and Madras Stock Exchanges to have the shares listed there.

APPLICATION FOR SHARES

Copies of Prospectus and the application forms can be had from any of the Branches of the Imperial Bank of India, Punjab National Bank Ltd., Indian Overseas Bank Ltd., or any of the Bankers or brokers of the company or from the Registered Office or Managing Agents of the company.

THE HINDUSTAN CINE AND GRAPHIC ARTS LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .. .. Rs. 1,00,00,000 (One Crore)

DIVIDED INTO

1,00,000 (one lac) Ordinary Shares of Rs. 100/- each.

Rs. 10/- per share on application and Rs. 15/- per share on allotment.

The remaining capital will be called for as required at intervals of not less than three months in such calls of not more than Rs. 25/- per share as the Board of Directors may decide. It is not intended to make any calls for at least one year from the date of incorporation.

Brokerage at the rate not exceeding rupee one per cent of the nominal value of the share will be paid to brokers, bankers and agents in respect of applications bearing the stamps of such persons or firms on shares allotted.

DIRECTORS:

1. Sir CHINUBHAI MADHOWLAL Baronet, Chairman, Ex-Officio Director, The Vulcan Insurance Co. Ltd., Panna Diamond Mining Syndicate Ltd., Godhra Electricity Co. Ltd., Gujarat Marbles Ltd., Warden Insurance Co. Ltd., Jagdish Straw Products Ltd., Munjee Transport Ltd., Shroffs Bank of India Ltd., Travancore Rayons Ltd., Bombay Mercantile Bank Ltd., etc., etc.
2. SHREEMAN THAKUR CHAIN SINGHJI, M.A., LL.B., F.R.E.S. Chief of Pokaran, Ex-Senior Minister, Jodhpur and Alwar.
3. UDAY SHANKAR, Esq., Special Director. World Renouned Artist.
4. SETH RADHAKISENJI CHAMARIA, Calcutta. Director of Ratihar Jute Mills Ltd., Calcutta Match Works Ltd., India Pictures Ltd., etc., etc.
5. SETH RADHESHYAM R. MORARKA, Bombay. Director of The Kalyan Mills Ltd., Maharashtra Apex Bank Ltd., United India Agencies Ltd., India Sugars & Refineries Ltd., Gannon Dunkerley & Co. Ltd.
6. DIRUBHAI N. SHROFF, Esq. Merchant Bombay Director The New Era Textile Mills Ltd., The National Savings Bank Ltd., etc., etc.
7. Seth KESHAVDEO PODDAR, Banker, Bombay. Director, The Bombay Mercantile Bank Ltd., Bombay. All India Films Exchange Ltd., Bombay. International Mutual Assurance Ltd., Madhavnagar. Associated Investors Industrial Finance Ltd., Bombay etc., etc.
8. MUNTAZIM BAHADUR MAJOR SOHANLAL G. SHANGHI, Indore. Proprietor, Rajputana Motors, Indore, Orchha Motor Service, Tikamgarh, Dewas Senior Transport Service, Dewas senior, Sharad Talkies. Ujjain, Managing Director of Sanghi Brothers. Indore, etc., etc.
9. Seth SHREELALL KAJARIA, Banker, Bombay. Director, The International Mutual Assurance Co. Ltd. The Associated Investors Industrial Finance Ltd., etc., etc.
10. Seth BABOOLALJI DHANDNAIA, Benares Cantt. Director, The Benares Cotton & Silk Mills Ltd. Benares, The Shree Annapurana Oil & Flour Mills. Shree Theatres Ltd.
11. ANVAR HOSSEINALI KARMALLY, Bombay.

BANKERS

1. The Imperial Bank of India.
2. The Bombay Mercantile Bank Ltd.
3. The Central Bank of India Ltd.
4. The Bharat Bank Ltd.
5. The Punjab National Bank Ltd.
6. The Canara Industrial Banking Syndicate Ltd.
7. The Indian Overseas Bank Ltd.

BROKERS

Vital Pitambar, Bombay.

Associated Investors Industrial Finance Ltd.

R. P. Nabar & Co. Bombay.

Swastik & Co., Madras.

Relan & Co., Karachi.

Joglekar & Son. Poona.

Arnold Baron, Esq., Hyderabad.

REGISTERED OFFICE:

32, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay

MANAGING AGENTS:

Associated Industries, Merchants 32, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

AUDITORS:

1 Messrs. Ahmed N. Lilani & Co., Yusuf Building, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

2 Messrs. D. B. Kulkarni & Co., Maruti Galli, Belgaum.

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The company has been formed generally, for the purposes set out in the Memorandum of Association and in particular the purposes, inter alia, of producing and exhibiting Motion Pictures for the Indian and overseas markets.

THIS COMPANY IS PARTICULARLY FORTUNATE IN HAVING SECURED THE CO-OPERATION OF THE GREAT ARTIST, UDAY SHANKAR OF INTERNATIONAL FAME, who has done so much for opening a market for Indian dancing, shadow plays etc. in all parts of the world and particularly in England and America and even in his own country. His association with the company cannot fail to be a great source of popularity and profit in India as well as abroad.

Moreover, the company has secured the following Indian and foreign experts as Technical Advisers, Mr. W. H. Hese, Professor Antsher Lobo and Mr. Mena Silas.

Mr. Hese is Managing Director of Messrs. Ama Ltd., and is an expert of life-long experience in the Motion Picture business. He has only recently returned from an eight months' tour of Europe and America undertaken to acquaint himself with the trend of thought and development towards which the future of the industry is working.

Prof. Antsher Lobo is a well known authority on Western and Indian Music and a musical producer of great experience particularly in suiting and selecting true Indian Music for the Western Bar. Mr. Mena Silas is too well known as a composer and producer to need much introduction, and is a member of the Performing Rights Society of London.

The film industry of India has suffered much from lack of co-operation between the three main departments of the business, Production, Distribution and Exhibition. These three departments are commonly independently controlled resulting in this lack of co-operation and wasteful competition between them to procure for each individually the lion's share of the profits with no thought for the welfare of the trade as a whole. This company, with considerable forethought, will avoid serious waste in commissions and ensure co-operation and co-ordination between the three departments.

The majority of the Directors of the company are controlling a large number of theatres in important centres throughout India and as such the company will enjoy screening facilities from the very commencement of business.

Sanction has already been obtained from the Examiner of Capital Issues, Finance Department, Government of India for floating another Limited Company to be called the International Films Ltd., with Rs. 2 crores Paid Up Capital. The Hindustan Cine and Graphic Arts Ltd., are to be appointed its Managing Agents and this will surely increase the income of this Company. There is little doubt that Subscribers to this issue can look forward to a handsome return on their Capital and a Substantial Capital Appreciation in the value of their Shares.

The Company has already received the Certificate of Commencement of Business and will therefore be able to commence their Business immediately. The shareholders of the Company, can therefore look forward for returns on their investments within a short period.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, Nov. 3.(A.P.I.):

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past twenty-four hours from 1st Nov. 1946 departure from normal recorded at eight hours I.S.T. on 3rd Nov. 1946.

Ahmedabad 90 69 0 0 0 Bangalore 70 66 0.9 1.3 plus 0.7 Baroda 91 61 0 0 minus 0.1 Belgaum 83 66 0 0 minus 0.4 BOMBAY 95 76 0 0 minus 0.1 Calcutta 88 68 0 0 minus 0.2 Colombo 85 74 0.3 0.7 minus 0.9 Cuttack 90 72 0 0 minus 0.3 Darjiling 85 48 0 0 minus 0.1 Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 70 0.1 0.1 minus 0.2 Karachi 89 73 0 0 0 Lahore 87 57 0 0 0 Madras 82 71 2.2 5.3 plus 3.5 Mahableshwar 77 61 0 0 minus 0.3 Mysore 70 65 1.0 1.3 plus 0.9 Nagpur 83 67 0 0 minus 0.1 Ootacamund 58 54 3.7 4.9 plus 4.3 Pachmarhi 71 52 0 0 minus 0.1 Peshawar 80 57 0.2 0.2 plus 0.2 Poona 90 65 0 0 minus 0.1 Rawalpindi 84 4 0 0 0 Sholapur 90 70 0 0 Simla 65 48 0 0 minus 0.1 Srinagar 70 35 0 0 0.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

A high mission undertaken with a generous heart seldom fails to make those worthy of it to whom it is given.

—Froude

The Bombay Chronicle

PEACE EFFORTS

The sudden and almost simultaneous visit to East Bengal by important personages like the Viceroy, four members of the Interim Cabinet, and the Governor of Bengal is doubtless due mainly to the many questions and adjournment motions in the Central Assembly regarding communal disturbances and to the promise given by the Home Member that the Central Government would do everything possible after due inquiry to help the restoration of peace. And in fulfilment of that promise the Cabinet Members have taken the earliest opportunity provided by the week-end break in the Assembly sittings to begin with a personal investigation. All this and the forthcoming visit to East Bengal by Gandhiji himself are also a recognition of the fact that the happenings in East Bengal have assumed an all-India importance. Indeed, those tragic happenings have tended to aggravate communal tension in various parts of the country. The visits we feel confident, will do much good. One of their first good results is Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose's decision to postpone the proposed suspension of business in Calcutta in response to the advice given by Pandit Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel an Maulana Abul Kalam Azad. Another result is the appointment of Mr. A. E. Simpson, I.C.S., to inquire into the Tipperah casualties and of Mr. R. Gupta, I.C.S. to inquire into the Noakhali casualties These inquiries will help to reveal reliable facts about the tragedies in these districts and their origin. If the inquiries are full enough more elaborate ones may not be necessary. It is to be hoped they will commence promptly and be carried out without any avoidable delays. Nor need any necessary remedial measures be deferred till the reports of the inquiries are submitted.

Much good may be expected from Gandhiji's mission of service. He has already stated that he is going to serve both Hindus and Muslims and strive to reconcile them. He has rightly urged all "to dismiss all thought of revenge from their hearts" as otherwise it would be impossible to break the vicious circle. Revenge by one party cannot but lead to retaliation by the other and thus indefinitely postpone the attainment of the common goal of independence. Gandhiji's appeal is most timely on the eve of the Bakr-Id. The day, like any other holy day, should call forth from every Hindu and every Muslim the utmost spirit of tolerance he is capable of. Let not the sacredness of the day be marred by any unbrotherly act anywhere in the country. And even a single day's brotherly restraint or goodwill may do unexpected good in cleansing the foul atmosphere in various parts of the country. Appeals for peace and goodwill have been issued by many prominent Hindu and Muslim leaders. Among the latest to do so are Pandit Nehru, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Sardar Patel and Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, who in a joint appeal issued after their return from East Bengal earnestly appeal "for a cessation of violence and a return to the methods of peace". Pointing out how recent happenings "have degraded Indian humanity and shamed us before the others", that ignoble methods bring no solution and cannot lead to freedom and that "violence against a neighbour and fellow citizen leads only to counter and increasing violence", the leaders fervently appeal to the people not to "tolerate acts which degrade and brutalise our people", whatever our differences might be. This is a most feeling and appropriate appeal and deserves the widest possible appeal. Would there could be the widest possible response to it. We trust too that, in response to Premier Kher's appeal, the press will use its great influence whole-heartedly in the urgent task of restoring communal peace and goodwill.

Wanted More Roads

Has India become sufficiently road-conscious? This is the question often debated by our civil engineers whose number has happily grown and whose activities now receive better appreciation. The rail-road competition, the desire of almost every Provincial Government at present to solve the problem of utilising motor traffic to the best national advantage and the keen public feeling that inter-provincial traffic must increase are factors which continue to give the transport problems of this country an importance in the public mind which they failed to secure a few years ago.

We welcome, therefore, Mr. Kynnerley's public protest that amidst the number of State-sponsored plans for rebuilding and reconstruction the programme envisaged for the road plan by our Chief Engineers only means that "the increase proposed over the next fifteen years is just one mile of road for an area of eighteen square miles". It is true and it is equally regrettable that the road plan should, in view of the large size of this country and the urgency of developing adequate means of communication in the countryside, ultimately spell so little of progress. As President of the Indian Roads and Transport Development Association, Mr. Kynnersley in a speech at its annual meeting on October 31 pertinently pointed out that as against the existing road mileage of 300,000, we required a total road mileage of 700,000 even if our villages, some 700,000 number are to have "on an average no more than one mile of road each to contact with neighbouring villages, markets and railway stations". It is, indeed, a happy and pleasing sign of the times that from almost every municipal and local board authority in every province in India under Congress Government, a request is made when ministers are on tour, that funds should be spared for them to be spent on road-building and road-improvement purposes. It is not every Provincial Government, however, which can meet their requests satisfactorily unless it has the courage to discover a new taxable source of revenue, call it a road cess to be pooled into a separate Road Development Fund and take care not to appropriate it afterwards for some other urgent nation-building purpose.

We have to notice with regret that provision of adequate and permanently useful roads in the districts is not yet regarded by many as an essential item in the nation-building programme. We are suffering from the bureaucratic sins of the past. The public has been accustomed to believe that a countryside is ready to be developed for trade and industry when a railroad is built through it. It did not obtrude itself easily on public notice that our trunk railways were designed not so much to help inter-provincial trade as to assist the exporters of India's raw materials. It took a long time before feeder railways were built to tap the rural districts. As the situation stands at present, these feeder railways are far too few to develop internal trade. Road-making, had it been undertaken a generation ago, extensively and with a co-ordinated plan in our country, would have to-day, with the advent of the motor lorry, saved many a rural part from famine, as food can be easily reached to famishing areas if only good, motorable roads exist in them. Rural areas, judiciously provided with roads, would have developed market towns and enabled the peasantry to sell their produce quickly. We would suggest this is a problem which the Interim Government assisted by the more enterprising provincial governments should take up in hand as one of primary importance and refer it after short and quick deliberation to a body of expert engineers for execution within a specified period of years. Enough spade work regarding a study of it and its ultimate effect on the creation of wealth and hapiness has been done. There is absolutely no necessity of further committees or palavers between the Central and Provincial authorities. What is required is concerted action and quick execution.

Frankly Speaking

General Smuts' Discovery

In a speech in New York, Field Marshal Smuts solemnly announced that "the old British Imperialism has been finally defeated' and that it is "dead and buried." His announcement is based on the conclusion from what is happening in India, Burma, Iraq and so on and on his claim that "the British Commonwealth of the 20th century is something very different from the British Empire of the 19th century." If Field Marshal meant the freedom enjoyed by the Dominions he was not wrong. But elsewhere the defeat of the British Empire is no credit to British Imperialists. What is happening in India, Burma and Iraq—General Smuts is significantly silent about Egypt and some other countries—is happening despite the most energetic efforts to check it of British Imperialists, led by no less a person than his own very good and much admired friend Mr. Winston Churchill. Nor is British Imperialism quite dead, much less defeated, in respect of Palestine, Sudan and so many African colonies. The spirit of the 19th Century is very active there.

Cheap And Contemptible

And in many respects the British Imperialist spirit has captured General Smuts himself. This is proved not only by the Joseph Chamberlainian exploitation of South Africa and designs on S. W. Africa and by blatant racial discrimination but in the cheap little techniques to which General Smuts is resorting. Here is an instance. According to a Capetown message "a cable declaring that conditions of African coloured people constitute a domestic problem to be solved within the country and not by reference to the United Nations has been sent to the South African Prime Minister, General Jan Smuts by the Coloured People's National Union" formed three years ago. If General Smuts knows his history of Imperialism especially of the British Empire, as he knows better than most people, he knows the all too common Imperialist technique of creating and patronising a body or bodies of men willing to sell the right to their very freedom and even manhood for titles or some contemptibly minor advantages. It was a familiar feature of the nineteenth and even early twentieth century Imperialism; which has been so completely exposed for the contemptible subterfuge that it was, that even traditional Imperialists are discarding it. White South Africa, however, has revived it. Natives treated literally as creatures without any rights of human beings in their own country opposing an appeal to UNO for human rights! And White South Africa expects the world to believe it as genuine!

British Labour's Success

For the second year since the General Election in which the British Labour Party was returned with a surprisingly large absolute majority in the Commons, it has registered an almost sweeping victory in municipal elections. The formally labelled Conservatives have maintained their strength but the so-called "independents," more conservative than Labour, have lost heavily. The victory is a significant indication of the British people's political attitude. Mr. Winston Churchill has persistently been arguing that the Labour Party was returned to power because th people were victims of misleading propaganda and were deceived into voting Labour. The idea naturally was that the public would soon undeceive itself. And quite recently a vigorous campaign against the Labour Party was conducted with bread rationing as the basis of it. The recent municipal elections fought on political party lines prove that the Conservative campaign has failed that, in fact, the Labour Party is extending and increasing its hold and influence. The result should also damp the optimism of those in India who have been nursing the hope that the Labour Party would be defeated at the next Parliamentary Elections.

A Turkish Offer

President Ismet Inonu's opening message to the Turkish Grand National Assembly compares, in dignity of language and spirit, favourably with the outbursts of those who have been consistently attacking Turkey for months past for the sole crime of her desire to defend the independence and territorial integrity. The address, despite those attacks, is friendly to the Soviet Union. But it is also firm. The most serious question facing Turkey is that relating to the revision of the Montreux Convention. The Turks never objected to such revision. In fact, as President Inonu says: "We shall welcome any modification which should come into consideration and the legitimate interests of each of the interested parties.....". But "the territorial integrity and the sovereign rights of Turkey" cannot be sacrificed. Who is the impartial man in the world who can honestly object to this condition or can decline to appreciate Turkish willingness to have the problem of the Dardanelles and of the "legitimate interests" of interested parties discussed in an international conference? Incidentally, the President has referred also to the unjust propaganda that Turkey favoured the Axis Powers. He has offered to submit "our actions to an examination and decision by arbitration." The offer is a credit to Turkey and positive proof of her international goodwill. But—will it be accepted?

Forcible Marriages

Sir—Cases of forcible marriages are daily pouring in. I do not know how far they are true, but even if a single case of "forcible marriage" has taken place it stands self-condemned in the eyes of Islam. I may state in passing that such a thing has not the sanction of Islam behind it. Forcible marriages like forcible conversions have never been countenanced by Islam. In this connection I would like to reproduce from a recent issue of the "Sidq" (which has copied it from the "Qaumi Awaz") an incident of great import. This throws a flood of light on the attitude of Muslim emperors towards this subject. The incident has been taken from the work of a Hindu Historian, "Khula-sat-ut-Tawarikh" by Munshi Subhan Rai, and runs as under:—

"The Governor of Jaunpore became infatuated with the love of a Brahmin maiden of the same place. He tried his best to marry her but without any success. The Governor tried to win her over by means of wealth and then held out actual threats. When the Governor could not succeed in his designs, he started harassing the Brahmin family. The aged Brahmin sought the help of some local people of influence and through them tried to persuade the Governor to change his course of action. But the Governor did not respond to their entreaties. The Brahman then proceeded to Delhi and sought an audience with the Emperor (Aurangzebe) and appealed to him to save his honour. This was too much for Aurangzebe and he shuddered to hear the story. The Brahmin told Aurangzebe that if immediate action was not taken the Governor would forcibly marry her. The Emperor thereupon gave up all his other engagements and immediately started for Jaunpore, accompanied by a faithful servant. He rode on a she-camel and reached Jaunpore the fourth day. The arrival of the Emperor threw the whole city into consternation. On arrival there he impartially investigated the whole affair and found that the Brahmin had told nothing but the truth. The Governor was given deterrent punishment and the girl who had been abducted and kept in some hiding place by the Governor was restored to her father who was also given very many valuable gifts by the Emperor."

If after this anybody indulges in such practices in the name of Islam, he alone is responsible and the fair name of Islam cannot be tarnished thereby, because it has not allowed any such heinous acts. The Quranic injunction that "there is no compulsion in religion" holds good for all times.

A MUSLIM.

CHANGING THE MAP

A Sub-Plot In Indian Politics

BY CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI
(Secretary, National Research Institute Utkal).

The demand for delimitation of provinces on a linguistic basis in India is an old and long-standing one. Both official and non-official circles have realised the gravity of this problem and they have strongly recommended on more than one occasion the regrouping of territories on a linguistic basis. It is easy to quote from official Congress pronouncements as well as the opinions of leading Congress personalities including Mahatma Gandhi to show that they all recognise the principle of linguistic redivision. The dispute over provincial boundaries is not the sole concern of any one province in India. More or less it involves all and so it has become an all-India issue. There are many eminent men in India who think that such a move is calculated to foster division and disunity in India. On the other hand it is a fact—it is a problem to reckon with. It is a live issue It has its roots in the soil.

Now let us take an objective survey of the claims and counter-claims of the different provinces on the adjustment of their respective frontiers.

Bengal-Assam

In a statement to the press on the question of the formation of a coalition ministery in Bengal just after the provincial election was over. Dr. Nalinakshya Sanyal stated that "the foundation of such a solution will oe in the introduction of joint electorates coupled with the common claim of both Mr. Suhrawardy and Sjt. K. S. Roy to preserve and to expand Bengalee Culture by the incorporation of all Bengalee-speaking areas, viz—Sylhet, Cacnar and Goalpara from Assam and Purnea, Singbhum, Manbhum and Santal Parganas from Bihar into Bengal." Dr. Radhakamal Mukherjee in his book "An Economist Looks at Pakistan" has similarly observed that "One of the curious paradoxes in recent Indian Political history is the partition of a Hindu majority unit Bengal, by dispersion of Bengalee-speaking areas to other administrative provinces, resulting in the artificial creation of a Muslim majority in the present province of Bengal." He has taken great pains to draw an outline of the cultural boundaries of Bengal. The areas which Dr. Mukherjee demands to be amalgamated into Bengal from Assam immediately are as follows:—

Name of the Area	Area in Sq. Miles
The District of Sylhet	6,478
The District of Cachar	3,802
From Goalpara District:—	
Bilasipara Thana	375
Kokrajhar Thana	566
Lakhimpun Thana	268
From Kamrup District:—	
Barpeta Sub-Division	1,258
From Newgong District:—	
Kathiatoli Thana	18
Juria Thana	92
Laichurvi Thana	60
Ding Bakoni Thana	78
From Darang District:—	
Mangaldai Sub-Division	1,269
Total	13,324

But how do the people of Assam view this demand upon their native soil? Here is a frank and honest appraisal of the situation by Sjt. Beliram Das, M.L.A., a responsible public man of Assam. He observes that, "Sylhet never formed part of this province. It was thrust upon Assam by the British Government after the reunion of Eastern Bengal." Sometimes back Mr. Bardoloi, the premier of Assam, while addressing a public meeting in Dibrugarh, declared his willingness for the separation of Sylhet from Assam. But are the people of Assam ready to undergo a partition in the scale which the leaders of Bengal propose every now and then? It is well-known that the Assamese are discontented and strongly resent the injustice that has been perpetrated upon their home-land by territorial mal-adjustment. Sjt. Beliram Das in his book "Eastern Pakistan and Assam" further observes that, "the districts of Rangpur, Cooch-Behar and Jalpaiguri once formed parts of the province of Assam and I demand these Bengal districts should be ceded to Assam."

Bengal-Bihar

The leaders of Bengal are demanding the following areas from Bihar to be amalgamated with Bengal:—

Name of the area	Area in Sq. Miles.
Purnea	4,998
Santal Parganas	5,480
Singhbhum District	3,005
Manbhum District	4,131
Total	18,514

Utkal-Bengal

Though Utkal became a separate province in 1936, the national demand of the Oriyas remains yet unfulfilled. Oriyas demanded the amalgamation of all the Oriya-speaking tracts under one administrative unit. Oriyas, at present, are undergoing severe difficulties in the four neighbouring provinces, such as, Bengal, Madras, Bihar and Central Provinces. The following areas in Bengal are Oriya-speaking, which should be transferred to Orissa from Bengal

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
From Midnapur District:—	
The whole of Contai Sub-Division	912
The whole of Jhargram Sub-Division	1,187
From Sadar Sub-Division:—	
Kharagpur Thana	227
Dantan and Mohanpur Thanas	235
Keshari and Narayangarh Thanas	309
Total	2,860

Utkal-Bihar

In Bihar the following areas are Oriya speaking:—

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
The whole of Singhbhum District	3,879
From the District of Manbhum:—	
Barabhbhumi	509
Manbazar	257
Chandili	384
Total	5,029

Utkal-Madras

The long-standing dispute over the resettlement of the boundary between Madras and Utkal has now come to a head with the question of control and management of the Duduma waterfalls. The Andhras, in order to institute a separate province for themselves, have moved the Government of Madras and the Government of India as well to get a lion's share over the working and management of this water-fall. No other question—not even the question of Indian Independence—has troubled the minds of the Oriyas in recent months so much as that of these two questions of the control and management of the Duduma Hydro-Electric project and the amalgamation of all the outlying Oriya-speaking tracts. The total Oriya-speaking tracts lying in Madras at present comprise an area of 5,396 sq. miles. They are as follows:

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
From Vizag District:—	
Mandasa Zamindari	132
Tarala Zamindari	52
Tekkali Zamindari	271
Jalantara Zamindari	100
Budarsingh Zamindari	22
From Agency Tracts:—	
Salur	425
Srungabharupukota	394
Madgol	4,000
Total	5,396

Utkal-Central Provinces

The Oriya-speaking areas in the Central Provinces are as follows:—

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
Bastar	13,701
Raigarh	1,444
Sarangarh	540
Udaipur	1,055
Jashpur	1,963
Phuljhar	842
Bindranaugarh Zamindari Malkhordha and 9 Jogini Villages	233
Total	19,778

A Separate Maharashtra Province

The demand for a separate Maharashtra Province uniting all the Marathi-speaking areas of Central Provinces and Berar, Bombay Presidency, Konkan and of the Nizam's dominion is long over-due. The Marathi-speaking areas in Central Provinces constitute an area of 40,818 sq. miles. And they are as follows.

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
Berar:—	
Amraoti	
Akola	
Buldana	17,809
Yeotmal	
From Nagpur Division:—	
Nagpur	3,836
Chanda	9,205
Wardha	2,435
Betul	3,910
From Chhatisgarh Division:—	
Chandra District	3,623
Total	40,818

Madras

The boundary dispute in Madras is of no less significance. The province of Madras as constituted at present, covers an area of 127,768 sq. miles. And it consists of three distinct linguistic groups, whose distinct individuality cannot be denied. It would be impossible in fairness to deny the right of every distinct unit to develop its own resources and individuality as it seems best to the leaders of that unit. So the present province of Madras is bound to undergo some territorial re-adjustments so as to produce more homogeneous units. In the light of the above observations, the following three homogeneous and autonomous units are to be carved out from the present province of Madras.

(A) THE PROVINCE OF TAMILNAD:—

All the Tamil-speaking areas should constitute the province of Tamilnad. They are:—

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
Chingheput	3,074
North Arcot	4,671
South Arcot	4,205
Salem	7,073
Trichinopoly	4,329
Tanjore	3,738
Tinnevelly	4,342
Ramnad	4,851
Madura	4,883
Madras	30
Coimbatore	7,121
Total	48,317

(B) ANDHRA PROVINCE

This would consist of the following Telegu-speaking areas:—

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
Kistna District	3,469
Anantapur District	6,734
Guntur	5,795
West Godavari	2,434
East Godavari	6,322
Vizag Pattam Plains	5,991
Nellore	7,942
Cuddaph	5,923
Chitor	5,951
Total	50,561

(C) UNITED KERALA:

The Malayalee-speaking union will consist of the following areas:—

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
Malbar	5,790
Cochin	1,493
Travancore	7,662
Total	14,945

Mr. Panigrahi seems to have overlooked the fourth group of Kannada speaking districts—Editor B.C.

Bombay

As is the case with Madras, similar is the case with Bombay A separate Karnatak Province seeks to be born. Gujerat also feels its want. So the present area of Bombay is bound to be readjusted in the following light.

MAHARASHTRA

The following Marathi-speaking areas should also be separated from the present province of Bombay.

Name of the area	Area in Sq. miles.
Nasik and Surgana	5,882
Thana and Jawhar	3,422
Kolaba and Jangira	2,166
Bombay Suburban	154
Ahmednagar	6,611
Poona and Bhor	5,332
Ratnagiri	3,989
Satara and Phalton	5,053
Savantvadi	926
Kolhapur and S.M.C. states	3,217
Total	36,752

GUJERAT:

The following areas are Gujerat-speaking:—

Name of the area	Area in Sq. Miles.
Ahmedabad	3,846
Broach	1,468
Kaira	1,620
Panch Mahals	1,608
Surat	1,651
Mahikanta Agency	3,124
Revakanta Agency	4,968
Total	18,285

KARNATAK:

The Kanada-speaking areas comprise an area of 26,660 sq. miles. They are as follows:

Name of the area	Area in Sq. Miles.
Belgaum	4,612
Bijapur	5,710
Dharwar	4,606
Kanara	3,946
Kolhapur	3,217
Sholapur	4,569
Total	26,660

This survey cannot be taken as an exhaustive analysis of the problem before us. It is rather an attempt in this direction The Nizam has demanded a 100-mile corridor through Madras. But as the people of Madras proved unbending the Nizam's eye has now turned to the state of Bastar in Central Provinces. Bidarva has followed in its wake and now aspires for territorial autonomy on the same basis. There is also another plan in the offing to make Delhi a separate province, by including some adjoining areas within it. Although officially denied, it is now generally believed that there is again a definite move being made to carve out a separate province in the eastern frontier by taking out all the hill tracts. After the recent Great Calcutta killing of August 16th to 19th last, many sensible people in Bengal, mainly Hindus are now beginning to think in terms of a separate province for West Bengal, which would naturally be a predominantly Hindu area.

Can we then deny that it is a problem of importance in Indian Politics? Can we say that it has no bearing, in any way, upon the freedom movement of India? It is sure that it is still an undercurrent, a sub-plot in Indian politics. Because we have a greater problem to fight out first. But judging from the very nature of the problem, and its wide range and extent, we can handly afford to neglect any longer the rightful solution of this long-standing problem.

Revision Of U. S. Constitution

Mr. Colliflower's Move To Capture Vote Of U.S. Capital

WASHINGTON, November 3. (Reuter): Mr. James E. Colliflower of Washington is out to revise the American Constitution, and he will have to capture the vote of the United States capital to do it. When the American nation goes to the polls on November 5, citizens of the district of Columbia—ten-mile square piece of land in which Washington is situated will also vote to see whether they want to vote or not.

Under the American Constitution, they are barred from taking part in any local or national elections. For a long time they have grumbled against this denial of civic rights, and this year they are taking matters into their own hands. Local private organisations throughout Washington are organising a plebiscite to coincide with the national elections. Voters are also asked to put "yes" or "no" against the question, "do you want the right of a full citizen of the United States to elect your representatives to office?"

The plebiscite will be the climax of a battle over a century old. All that time citizens in the city, which was designed to be "the factory of the Government" and nothing else, have opposed the ruling. Originally the ban was laid down, because it was thought inadvisable to lay the nation open to the danger of its seat of Government being dominated physically by one political machine.

No More S.L.C. Exams. In C.P.

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): The Central Provinces Government intends to abolish the high school certificate examination and introduce Hindi, Marathi and Urdu as the media of instruction in schools. Mr. S. V. Gokhale, Education Minister, announced this when he addressed the teachers and students at the Spence College.

Jap War Criminal Hangs Himself

PARIS, Nov 3 (Reuter): Major Kodera, a Japanese war criminal detained at Saigon, in Indo-China, hanged himself in his prison cell shortly after making a full confession to the French officer investigating his case.

Major Kodera had been detained on the charge of participating in the massacre of the French garrison at Langson in Tonkin near the border of the Chinese province of Kwangsi in March 1941. He told the investigating officer that he could not survive his dishonour.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Madison, (Wisconsin), Nov. 2: Henry A. Wallace, former U. S Secretary of Commerce yesterday accused the United States and the Soviet Union of "vigorously practicing their own brand of imperialism" and threatening the peace of the world through mutual suspicion and self-righteousness.

—U. P. A.

* * * *

Appealing for communal goodwill and harmony, His Highness the Nawab of Bhopal urgently warns that ".....one false step may undo the work of years and torpedo all the efforts which have been and are being made to bring the country to its goal of independence."

Independence? If the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes talks "independence" of India he is torpedoing all the well-meant if not well-laid plans of the Tories of Britain, which is deplorably unfair and ungracious.

* * * *

It is reported from London that Dr. B. R. Ambedkar is to address the Tory India Committee.

The right forum, the right orator and the right audience.

There is still no truth in the rumour that Dr. Ambedkar is going to spend a week-end at Mr. Winston Churchill's country home.

* * * *

Addressing a meeting at Alibagh and pleading for goodwill and so on, the acting Governor of Bombay made this observation:

"There is, therefore, a constant temptation for the unscrupulous in all countries to appeal to the sense of hostility and to secure cohesion by concentrating on some real or imaginary enemy.....It is not a bad test of a statesman to see whether he usually stands for something or usually stands against something....."

It isn't, it isn't.

But, but—who and what was His Excellency driving at?

* * * *

According to a press note issued by the Headquarters, Eastern Command (Calcutta) an experiment for "mixing up soldiers of various castes and creeds in the Army" has been started in the form of a common kitchen and mess.

Do the Army authorities realise what they are doing?

* * * *

"Sixteen people were taken to hospital, with stab wounds, after a clash between rival parties in Omdurman yesterday arising out of mass demonstrations in favour of the union of the Sudan with Egypt."—Khartoum message.

It happens elsewhere in the Empire too?

* * * *

The illegal Jewish military organisation Hagannah which pretends to be opposed to the Irgun Zwai Leumi explains that "not death to the British but rescue to the Jew is what we are fighting for."

In another set of words "Not death to the British but to Arab Palestine ....."

* * * *

In a message to the New York "Herald Tribune" Forum, President Truman says: "At no time in the history of man has the survival of man depended so much upon the ability of man to understand his fellowmen."

Which is the most difficult and intractable of all propositions confronting man.

RUSSIANS THINK HIGHLY OF BRITISH

"Pravda's" Retort To Lord Vansittart

MOSCOW, Nov. 3 (Reuter): The "Pravda", in its international review today, declared that the Soviet nation has "the very best opinion" of the British people.

"Lord Vansittart in Parliament recently spoke of growing propaganda flowing from Moscow and that it was impossible to hear from there even one good word about England", it said.

"He should know that the Soviet nation has the very best opinion of the British people, but it is difficult for our citizens to find 'a good word' when describing that suspicious patronisation which the British Government is according to Neo-Fascists in Italy, to reaction in Greece and to Franco Spain.

The Soviet Union has learned to be wary. Our policy is clear. It consistently aims at peace and security.

"The Soviet Union would like that the policy of other great powers be directed to the same ends."

TATA'S INVITATION TO I. A. T. A. MEMBERS

"Hold 1948 General Meeting In India"

CAIRO, Nov. 2 (Reuter): Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Indian representative to the International Air Transport Administration General Assembly has invited the delegates to consider the holding of the 1948 General Meeting in India.

The I.A.T.A. has also received invitations from representatives of Eire Holland, Switzerland, Spain and the Lebanon.

Next year's Conference will be held in Rio De Janeiro.

Mr. Tata said, "While I am not in a position to commit my Government, I herewith wish to extend a cordial invitation to I.A.T.A. delegates to hold a general meeting in Asia. I have no doubt that if I.A.T.A. members agree to this the Indian Government will readily sponsor an invitation."

Mr Tata pointed out that last year's meeting was held in North America, this year's in Africa, next year's in South America and the year after possibly in Europe, adding "I think it fair to hold a meeting also in Asia in two or three years' time, in which case I have no doubt India is the most suitable country. I therefore ask the delegates to consider my proposal."

More Than 300 Killed In Bihar Riots

Finance Minister Fears Trouble May Spread To Rural Areas

PATNA, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): Between 300 to 400 persons have been killed in the communal disturbances throughout the province, so far, according to Mr. Anugrah Narain Sinha, Finance Minister, Bihar.

Mr. Sinha, who has visited most of the riot-affected areas, stated in an interview here today that the large numbers of deaths reported were attributable to panic. So far some parts of Saran, Patna and Bhagalpur districts were affected by communal disturbances. The latest information received by the authorities was that the border areas of Gaya district Muslims and had tried to conceal pur District rural areas had been affected.

Mr. Sinha stated that it was correct to state that many houses had been burnt down in the riot-affected areas after the population had evacuated them. Many instances had come to his notice where Hindu neighbours had given shelter to Muslims and had tried to conceal them [illegible] outside attacks. Whenever they had felt unable to depend their Muslim neighbours they had tried to conceal them in an effort to enable them to evacuate at the earliest opportunity.

Mr. Sinha maintained that the riots were local and spontaneous and certainly not organised. He could not give any exact reasoon for mob frenzy but it appeared to him that the Bengal incidents had deep repercussions on the population of Bihar and certain "agents provocateur" had also been carrying on nefarious propaganda. Government had not been able to spot them yet but they intended to deal with them with the utmost severity the moment they found them out.

About 300 to 400 houses had been burnt in the district of Patna. Only those houses which had been evacuated beforehand had been set on fire.

WHEN ARMY WAS CALLED IN

Government did not realise in the beginning, Mr. Sinha added, that the trouble would spread in the manner it did. Therefore, whatever forces Government had at their disposal were sent immediately to places from where reports of disturbances came. But when that appeared inadequate they called in the military to aid the civil administration.

Patna town was now quite safe, said Mr. Sinha. Government were controlling the situation and giving shelter to those who sought it. Military had been posted now at all strategic centres. Police protection had been extended to evacuees.

Government were hopeful that within three or four days they would be able to bring the entire situation under control. District officers were behaving splendidly and the Government were receiving co-operation from all the officers concerned. The Government expected more energetic co-operation from the military authorities after the visit of the Viceroy and other members of the Interim Government.

TROUBLE MAY SPREAD

Among towns only Bhagalpur and Chapra had been affected but they were quiet now stated Mr. Sinha. About 50 villages had been affected in Patna district. These villages were scattered and inaccessible due to rains and paddy crops standing in the fields. Detailed information baout villages affected throughout the province were not available but the general report was that there was a likelihood of trouble spreading in rural areas.

Everywhere in towns and wherever possible in villages, peace committees had been formed. Prominent Congress and League leaders had been co-operating in combating lawlessness and had issued appeals for Peace.

Questioned about measures adopted by the Government for helping the refugees, Mr. Sinha stated that about 4,000 refugees had come to Patna. In Chapra the number was limited. Patna was the only town where the refugee problem had become serious. Government were giving relief to every refugee who sought their help. There had been no difficulties of supplies yet. But it was difficult to predict about the future. One of the railway stations had been burnt and it had created a temporary difficulty of railway transport.

QUIET IN PATNA

Patna was quiet today for the second successive day today.

Reports of disturbances were however, received from Khusrupur, Bakhtiarpur and Barh as a result of which 21 persons were reported to have been killed.

Mr. Anugrah Narain Sinha, Finance Minister, accompanied by Muslim League leaders visited the three places on receipt of the news of disturbances there.

A number of houses in Khusrupur have been set on fire. The police authorities have evacuated 100 persons from here to Patna. Four persons have been reported killed as a result of mob violence in Khusrupur.

Houses were set on fire also in the Hajhauli village in Bakhtiarpur and the village of Singrama in Islampur on November 1.

In the Barh sub-division in the Patna District 14 persons have been reported killed in the four villages of Nawdah, Jaminichak, Khusrupur and Jadavpur. The police had to open fire on a mob in a fifth village in the sub-division, killing three persons. The mob is reported to have demanded from the police the surrender of a group of 100 refguees who were being escorted to relief centres.

In the suburbs of Bihar Sharif, four persons were killed on the night of November 1. Congress workers have been sent to the affected areas to assist in restoring peace.

During the past 24 hours, 42 injured persons have been admitted to the Patna General Hospital, mostly from the eastern parts of the district.

BENGAL LEAGUE ON PATNA "MASSACRE"

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): The Working Committee of the Bengal Provincial Muslim League at its meeting today adopted a resolution vewing with concern "the general massacre" of the minority community "including women and children, in a number of districts in Bihar."

The resolution stated that the minority community was being wiped out in village after village. Even refugees and those travelling by trains in the E.I.R. and the O.T. railways were being brutally slaughtered. The Bihar Government had failed to protect the minorities and maintain ueace, law and order and what was worse was that from reports it appeared that the Government had not taken any effective measures to meet the situation.

While condemning the "acts of violence, butchery, arson and loot", the committee called upon the Government of Bihar to take effective steps to stop lawlessness and restore sense of security. The committee associated itself with the suffering of this minority community in Bihar and advised them to bear the present suffering with patience and courage.

PATNA "S.O.S." TO RAJEN BABU

NEW DELHI, Nov. 2 (A.P.I.): "Communal situation is grave. Provincial government is determined to control but your visit is considered indispensable" says a telegram addressed to Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Food Member, by principal Moinue Huq of Patna.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad in reply says: Jawaharlal Nehru, Liaquat Ali, Vallabhbhai Patel Abdur Rab Nishtar left by air today for Calcutta via Patna. Hope their visit will ease situation. Myself may come if necessary after their return. Appeal to Bihar to restore calm and not to besmirch fair name by yielding to panic and indulging in barbarous hooliganism."

Sequel To Attempted Violence On Train Passengers

PATNA, November 3 (A.P.I.): The Up Punjab Mail and the Delhi Mail had to be diverted yesterday via Grand Chord from Asansol as the result of attempts of violence on passengers of some trains which had passed by the main line earlier at wayside stations between Mokameh and Kiul, it is learnt.

The 23 Up and 17 Up (Loop Express and the Lahore Express), however, arrived here via main line as usual.

TWO KILLED IN AHMEDABAD

AHMEDABAD, November 3. (A.P.I.): Two persons died and 15 others were injured as a result of a communal clash tonight in the Haveli Police Station area.

An explosion which occurred in the locality brought a crowd to the spot and rival groups indulged in throwing stones and acid at each other resulting in 12 persons being injured.

The Deputy Superintendent of Police soon arrived on the spot with a posse of armed police and fired eight rounds before the situation was brought under control.

Of the two persons who died one was the victim of a stabbing incident while the other was killed by a bullet. Three others were also injured due to the police firing.

Aung San Party Expels Burmese Reds

RANGOON, Nov. 3, (A.P.I.): The Anti-Fascist People's League decided today to oust communists from its fold

Stormy scenes occured during the lengthy debate on the motion.

The Communist leader, Thien Pe Then, spoke for three hours defending his party against the accusations made by the Vice-President of the Anti-Fascist People's League Y.Thakin Nu.

Major-General Aung San, commenting on the resolution, said, "The Communists have dug their own grave. They made a series of blunders and British Imperialism is taking advantage of these."

15 Crores Of Subsidy For Imported Foodgrains

NEW DELHI, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): The landed coast of some of the foodgrains imported into India is higher than the price levels prevailing in various parts of the country. In order, therefore, to protect the consumer against a further rise in grain prices, and in order not to dislocate the present price structure in different provinces built up after strenuous efforts during the last three years, the Government of India have decided to subsidise the sale of imported foodgrains to the necessary extent. It is understood that the amount of the subsidy during 1946 would amount to Rs. 15,50,-00,000.

Drizzles In Bombay

BOMBAY, Sunday: Squally weather along and off the Konkan coast and rains or drizzles in Bombay were predicted by the Meteorological authorities here tonight, commenting on the report that the depression in the Bay of Bengal had moved away from the Coromandel Coast into south-east Arabian Sea.

"Return To Methods Of Peace"

(Continued from page 1)

two leaders in the morning in connection with the present situation.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad leaves by air for Delhi tomorow. The Maulana called on Mahatma Gandhi at Sodepore Ashram this morning and was with him for about an hour.

Earlier Kumar Devendra Lal Khan M.L.A.; (Central) met Gandhiji.

Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel were with Mahatma Gandhi till 3 p. m. when they left Sodepore.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Bengal Premier, called at Sodepore Ashram this evening sometime before the prayer meeting and was with Gandhiji for about half an hour.

The Bengal Premier was accompanied by his brother, Prof Z. Suhrawardy, and Mr. K. F. Sobhan, who has been put on special duty by the Government in connection with peace committees.

Mr. Satya Ranjan Bakshi, Forward Bloc leader and M.L.A. (Central), also met Gandhiji.

Mrs. Renuka Roy called on Mahatma Gandhi at the Sodepur Ashram and discussed with him the advisability of co-ordinating activities of all women's organisations with a view to forming a Women's Peace Committee.

On enquiry Mr. Kanu Gandhi informed the "United Press of India" that during Gandhiji's journey from Delhi to Calcutta he had received Rs. 2,007 and odd for the Bengal Relief Fund as also Rs. 239 and odd for the Harijan Fund

BALDEV SINGH IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): Making his first official visit as Defence Member of the Interim Government, Sardar Baldev Singh arrived in Calcutta shortly after midday today by a special plane from Delhi. At the airport he was received by Lt.-Gen. F. R. R. Bucher, G.O.C.-in-C. Eastern Command.

Shortly after his arrival in the city the Defence Member, accompanied by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose visited the Sikh Gurdwars at Rashbehari Avenue, where the two leaders were given a great ovation.

The Defence Member later had dscussions for about two hours with Mr. Sarat Bose and Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee on the present situation in Calcutta and the province.

ARMED GANG ACTIVE IN DACCA

DACCA, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): One person was killed this morning in the eastern part of the city. Following this incident there was an exchange of brickbats when the police opened fire. One person who was injured yesterday expired in hospital today. This brings the total number of persons killed so far to 150 since the disturbances began on August 20.

Collective fines have been imposed on seven more areas in the city.

The District Magistrate has passed an order prohibiting the entry of volunteers of any political organisation into any railway or steamer station, except in Narayanganj, in the district of Dacca, as in his view their conduct had led to a breach of peace.

HOUSES BURNT

Details are now available of the disturbances in two villages under P. S. Kapasia. It is learnt, that a number of people armed with a guns and revolvers raided several houses and looted and burnt about 15 of them. One villager was injured while offering resistance.

"BENGAL WILL GIVE FITTING REPLY"

Woman Leader Warns Governor

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3, (U.P.I.): In course of an open letter to Sir Fred erick Burrows, Governor of Bengal, Mrs. Lila Roy, Forward Bloc leader of Bengal and member elect of the Constituent Assembly, has charged the Governor with remaining unmoved while women of the land live in daily and hourly dishonour

Refering to the alleged difficulties of communications, Mrs. Roy asked whether the same difficulties hindered the military from switching on their full fury in August 1942 and after.

Claiming to speak on behalf of the women of the country, Mrs. Roy has put the following questions to the Governor:

(1) What steps have been taken to rescue the women?

(2) How many women have so far been rescued?

(3) What has been done with these rescued women?

(4) Is the Governor prepared to arrange immediately military escort and let batches of voluntary workers, men and women, to tour Noakhali and penetrate the interior to find out things for themselves and start rescue work immediately?

She demands that non-officials organisations should immediately be allowed to proceed unhampered to the affected areas to rescue work of their own as no faith, she says, can be placed on "the genuineness of Government efforts and the authenticity of their assurances."

"Noakhali", says Mrs. Roy, "is a challenge to the honour of women, and thus a challenge to civilisation and human dignity itself." "Bengal" she adds, "will give a fitting reply to this challenge.

"THE HORROR THAT IS BENGAL"

Bapsey Sabavala has issued the following appeal:

"For years India has shown nothing but lip action. Talk and talk, and still more talk 'ad nauseum'. Now it has begun to act, but, alas in a manner that is most undignified. However, if Blood, Fire, And Shame is the price of ultimate freedom, we are prepared to pay and endure all the Soul ache, rather than have to sit and wait on the doormat. We know and believe, that God in His own good time, must and shall open the door, and that when we have suffered adequately, we shall be fit to enter the portal, into that Real Freedom that alone is India. A Freedom wherein all races will look upon each other as equals, each having paid the toll. In the meantime we have to act and act quickly, towards our stricken fellow brothers in East Bengal. No food, no cloth, no house, and no future is their lot. We in Bombay, though in an atmosphere none too safe, will feel much happier, if we could give them the help they need. for are they not bringing us nearer the Portal, and do we not therefore owe them all our best gratitude and praise?

I appeal to all Bombay to show this and not speak it, by giving as much as it can in donations, big and small, towards the "East Bengal's Stricken Fund". All collection will be sent to the representative of the Ram Krishna Mission in Calcutta, an All-India institution that stands out conspicuous for real fine systematic work based on love for humanity.

Please send your donations to Bapsey Sabavala, Industrial Assurance Building, Opp. Churchgate Station, (2nd Floor), between 10-30 a. m. and 1-30 p. m. and 3-0 p. m. to 5 p. m. only. Receipts will be duly sent and a report given in the Press as to how the collections have been utilised. Please do not keep the fund waiting for the need is of the moment.

It is not what you want to give but what you give, just now that counts."

JAIPRAKASH ON NOAKHALI RIOTS

GORAKHPUR, Nov. 3. (A.P.I.): "The British are digging ditches in our path to freedom by creating civil strife. If the Hindus and the Muslims fail to take a warning and fall into these ditches there will be no coming out of them for years", declared Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, a member of the Congress Working Committee at a public meeting here.

Jaiprakash Narain said: "The communal disturbances in Noakhali benefit neither the Hindus nor the Muslims, but only the British. It is alleged that the disturbances have been started by the Muslim League, but it should not be forgotten that behind the League is the British Government. If the Hindus start attacking the Muslims in their majority provinces, it will serve no other purpose than strengthening the British hold on India because for the suppression of these riots we shall have to seek the help of British forces, which will give an opportunity to the British to justify their presence in this country before the eyes of the world. It is no doubt the duty of every Hindu and Muslim to fight Goondas and to protect the oppressed but only on humanitarian grounds and not on communal lines".

Mr. Jaiprakash added that the day was not far off when Muslim leadership would pass on to a Muslim like Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Maulana Husain Ahmad Madni, who had suffered for the cause of the country. Even at this late hour if Mr. Jinnah joined us we would take no time in driving away the British. The Muslim League to-day was confined to Pakistan only but if India became independent, the Muslims of the country could help other Islamic countries in achieving their independence.

Concluding Mr. Jaiprakash said that fight with the British Government in the near future was inevitable and inescapable and the Indians must concentrate all their energies on organising themselves.

Trieste Again

Thorniest Problem Before 'Big Four' Ministers

NEW YORK, Nov. 3, (Reuter): The "Big Four" Foreign Ministers, meeting for the fils time in the United States are expected to have only a short formal session tomorrow to settle the agenda and order in which items art to be discussed, writes Sylvian Mangeotn Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

Sitting around the table in a private and heavily guarded suite in the Waldorf Astoria Hotel, Mr. Ernest Bevin, M. Molotov, Mr. James Byrnes and M. Couve de Murille the (representing m Georges Bidault the French Premier may decide to start discussions on Tuesday with the most difficult problem of all—the long-standing controversy over Trieste.

It is felt in Conference circles that once this tough nut is cracked there will be more chance of settling other problems with which the "big Four" are confronted. These include freedom of navigation in the Danube, reparations clauses in peace treaties and the Italian-Yugoslav border.

Trieste and the Danube are undoubtedly the most controversial and are expected to receive the highest priority in the discussions.

AUNG SAN ON FREE INDIA & FUTURE

Says British Imperialism In S.-E. Asia Will Be Impaired

RANGOON, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): Major-General Aung San, addressing a meeting of the Supreme Council of the Burma Anti-Fascist People's League here yesterday, declared, "Politically, Burma is in a stronger position than India". He added, "Unfortunately, Burma is defective economically and financially."

U. Aung San gave a lengthy review of the Indian situation and its repercussions on Burma's future. He said "British Imperialism is closely linked with the Indian situation. Once India obtains complete freedom, British Imperialism in South-East Asia will be greatly impaired and its effect on Burma's political future will be great. Burmese people should concentrate their attention on the situation in South-East Asia which has direct bearing on Burma's problems."

U. Aung San further said, "India is bound to be a powerful factor in South-East Asia's affairs, because with the exception of communal disagreements, India stands third in the world in the field of finance and economics."

Referring to Hindu-Muslim issue, the Burmese leader said, "There is one serious defect in India's set up—question of politics. It is through this political defect that British Imperialism is able to manoeuvre diplomatically for the estrangement of Hindus from Muslims. To obtain complete freedom India must have unity between the two parties."

Burma Council Dissolved

RANGOON, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): The Governor of Burma, Sir Hubert Rance, has dissolved the Legislative Council. Announcing this, a 'communique' from Government House adds that steps are being taken to form a new council.

The Council which has just now been dissolved was constituted by the former Governor, Sir Reginald Dorman-Smith, after the publication of the British White Paper on Burma.

Thanlin Ba Sein, Leader of the "Dobama Asibone"—Burma for Burmans Party—who is member for Transport and Communications in the present Executive Council told the Press today that his party would co-operate with Britain to achieve Burma's independence.

DALMIA DONATES ONE LAKH.

LAHORE, Nov. 3. (A.P.I.): A donation of one lakh of rupees for the relief of Bengal riot sufferers—to be distributed among members of all communities—was announced by Seth Ramkrishan Dalmia, a leading industrialist of India on the occasion of the golden jubilee celebration of the Bharat Insurance Company this evening.

Tashkent Rocked By Severe 'Quake

LONDON, November 3, (Reuter): An earthquake lasting five minutes was felt in Tashkent (Russian Turkistan), just after midnight local time, Moscow radio reports. Plaster fell off the walls in many houses, doors opened and clocks stopped.

The tremors were accompanied by a subterranean roar.

LONDON, November 2. (Reuter): A big earthquake 5,000 miles away was recorded tonight on the seismographs of Mr. J. Shaw, the seismographist at West Bromwich.

Mr. Shaw said: The earthquake bell drew attention to a big disturbance at 6-30 p. m. (local time).

"Unfortunately I did not get the first wave, and I cannot give an idea on the direction, but the distance is about 5,000 miles. "The disturbance is exceedingly severe. "The record papers by 7 p. m. (local time) were swinging over a distance of ten inches, and the movement after two hours was still continuing."

MUZAFFARPUR, November 2. (A. P. I.): Muzaffarpur experienced a very sharp but short earth tremor at 11-30 p. m., last night which disturbed the citizens in bed. No damage is reported.

PROVINCES ON LINGUISTIC BASIS

Andhra Leaders' Criticise Sir B. N. Rao's Report

GUNTUR, Oct. 29.

Sri G. V. Punnaiah Sastry, General Secretary, Andhra Maha Sabha, and Dr. M. Rama Rao, Secretary, Andhra Maha Sabha Delegation to Constituent Assembly in a joint Statement to the Press say:—

It is a matter for regret that at a time when everybody is looking forward for the meeting of the Constituent Assembly and the creation of linguistic Provinces, opinions are reported to have emanated from responsible quarters, suggesting postponement of this vital problem. Sir B. N. Rao constitutional adviser to the Constituent Assemblem., is said to have stated that the creation of new rovinces how is against the declaration of the British Ministers and that it is prohibited by clauses 5 and 9 of para 19. Sir Rao suggests an alternative scheme as capable of satisfying the desire for linguistic provinces even without the actual formation of the latter. Applying this alternative procedure to Madras, he suggests the retention of the Presidency as it is, its division for administrative convenience into North Madras and South Madras, each area with its own legislature and cabinet to administor local affairs and the creation of a new Madras district and the continuation of the present legislature and cabinet of the Presidency as composite bodies representing the three proposed divisions in the proportion of 2/2/1.

UNTENABLE OBJECTIONS

There are several serious flaws in these suggestions Para 19 of the May declaration applies only to Provinces which are now artificially grouped and which decide to opt out. Further, many eminent national leaders have declared that the Constituent Assembly will be a sovereign body not bound by the May Declaration and that it can consider and decide any new matters. Sir B. N. Rao's scheme proposed for Madras triplicates administration machinery and thus constradicts his objection to the creation of new provinces on the ground of cost. Nor does it satisfy the desires of all people because his South Madras contains Tamils, Malayalees and Kannadians. Sardar Patel is reported to have advised the postponement of the creation of linguistic Provinces by two years on the ground that consideration of the question would delay the work of the Assembl. The reason is too light If we accept that for the present the British Provinces alone shall be redistributed, the entire problem becomes very simple and can be easily put into practice. Further, the best munifestation of Indian independence for the massies is the creation of autocomous linguistic provinces. Then and then alone would democracy become real.

We therefore, appeal to the Andhras to condemn and agitate against all such subversive attempts. We congratulate the Andhra Legislators on the right and patriotic move taken by them and exhort the Andhras to support them and the Andhra Maha Sabha in their joint efforts for the port them and the AndhraMaha realisation of the Andhra Province.

Sind Pentangular

THE REST SURPASS PARSI TOTAL IN FIRST KNOCK

Franco Misses Century By Six Runs: Irani And Dinshaw Make Confident Start

PARSIS (first innings)	151
PARSIS (second innings) for 2 wkts.	118
THE REST (first innings)	212

KARACHI, Nov. 3 (A.P.I.): The Rest, who were 53 for five, resumed their innings against the Parsis in the final of the Sind Pentangular Cricket Tournament before a moderate crowd on the Karachi Gymkhana grounds today.

The Rest who were 153 for seven at lunch were all out for 212, 45 minutes after the lunch interval. C. Franco, being the top scorer, missing his century by six runs. Minwalla was the most successful bowler, capturing five wickets for 67 runs.

With a deficit of 61 runs in their first innings total the Parsis in their second knock made a confident start and had made 118 for the loss of two wickets at close of play.

SCORES:

PARSIS (First Innings): .. 151

REST (First Innings)

A. Athaide c. M. N. Dinshaw b Jagus	6
W. Mascarenhas c. Hira b. Jagus	3
A. Fernandes c. Dinshaw b. Minwalla	2
J. Britto c. Bhappo b. Mobed	32
Harris c Dinshaw b. Jagus	0
P. P. Fernandes (Capt.) c. Bhappu b. Mobed	14
C. Franco c. Irani b. Minwalla	94
Alec Fernandes c. and b. Minwalla	13
E. Tellis l.b.w. Minwalla	5
B. D'Cunha b. Minwalla	2
S. Fernandes not out	5
Extras	26
Total	212

Fall of Wickets: 1/8; 2/13; 3/15; 4/15; 5/53; 6/126; 7/153; 8/168; 9/179; and 10/212.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
H. D. Minwalla	52.2	2	67	5
B. D. Jagus	17	4	44	3
M. J. Mobed	18	6	29	2
H. F. Mobed	12	4	17	0
S. Hathiram	9	1	19	0
M. N. Dinshaw	4	0	10	0

PARSIS (Second Innings)

B. G. Irani run out	50
M. N. Dinshaw b. D'Cunha	34
Bhappo batting	21
S. Hira batting	8
Extras	5
Total (for two wickets)	118

Fall of wickets: 1/60; and 2/104.

WONDER HORSE BREAKS BONE

SYDNEY, Nov. 2 (U.P.A.): The spectacular racing career of Bernborough ended to-day when the Australian wonder horse broke the sesamoid bone in its foreleg during the MacKinnon Stakes at Flemington.

The attendant veterinary said the horse would never race again.

Bernborough, who won 26 races in Australia, was taking part in its first race since his defeat in the Caulfield Cup, which broke his string of 15 straight first.

MILLION TONS OF BURMA RICE FOR EXPORT

RANGOON, Nov. 3 (A.P.A.): An export surplus of one million tons of rice was expected in the course of next year, declared B. O. Binns, Financial Commissioner of Burma, here yesterday.

13 Br. Soldiers Injured

4 Killed In Arab-Jewish Clash

JERUSALEM, Nov. 3. (A.P.A.): Thirteen British soldiers were injured last night, three of them seriously, in a series of attacks on British vehicles on Palestine's coastal plain, according to military reports to-day.

Last night's attacks brought British military casualties for the week to five killed and 40 wounded in underground attacks.

4 KILLED IN CLASH IN LAKE, HULA DIST.

Two Arabs and two Jews were killed and several others wounded in a fight which broke out early to-day in the Lake Hula District, near the headwaters of the Jordan River.

The incident resulted in the first multiple deaths in a direct Jewish-Arab clash since the bloody Arab uprising of the late thirties.

'HOME FLEET'S' RETURN

WEYMOUTH (England), Nov. 3. (A.P.A.): Units of the Home Fleet, led by the battleship King George V, have returned after four days of autumn manoeuvres in the north Atlantic and the Irish Sea.

INDIA FIGURES IN TRIESTE RIOTS

Demonstrators Dispersed While Celebrating Anniversary Of 'Liberation'

TRIESTE, November 3. (A.P.A.): Rioting broke out in Trieste for the first time in two months today as 10,000 Italian sympathisers celebrated the 28th anniversary of the "liberation" of the city from the Austrians—a date which local slovenes consider the beginning of their "Enslavement".

A crowd of 5,000 gathered outside the headquarters of the Allied Military Government for an unauthorised demonstration, was dispressed by 24 mounted Venezia Giulia civil policemen, led by a British warrant officer of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Yeomanry, who repeatedly charged into the demonstrators.

Hostile shouts of "India, India, India", and "Out With All Foreigners" were flung at the British officer.

Twelve Italians were arrested in various parts of the city.

Pro-Italian organisations had called for the display in a proclamation which said: "Let us put flags in all windows against the iniquity of an adverse destiny. Trieste today shows friend and foe its genuine unconquered Italian will."

The only casualties reported by mid-day were two civil policemen who suffered bruises.

"TRIESTE IS JUST LIKE INDIA"

The U. P. A. adds: Spotting one British official on horseback, some members of the crowd shouted "Trieste is just like India."

One person stuck a hot pin into the British official's horse.

Co-operative Society To Procure Newsprint

BOMBAY, Sunday: The two-day session of the Indian Languages Newspapers Association concluded today, Mr. Amritlal D. Seth, Editor, "Janmabhoomi", presiding.

A resolution deciding to float an organisation under the name of Indian Newspapers Co-operative Society with the object of procuring and distributing newsprint with an authorities capital of Rs. 2.00.000 with 400 shares of Rs. 500 each was adopted at the meeting.

By another resolution the Association welcomed the decision of the Bombay Government to exempt newspapers from the Sales Tax and called upon other Provincial Governments to do likewise. A resolution drawing the attention of the Government to "the serious injustice meted out to a great majority of Indian newspapers by Railway stalls like Wheelers and Higgin Bothams in charging indiscriminately different rates of commission for selling newspapers on Railway stalls to different papers and periodicals" and requesting the Government to take steps for the removal of such discrimination was also adopted at the meeting.

JEWS HOLD PROTEST STRIKE

JERUSALEM, Nov. 3 (Reuter): Jews have been holding a protest strike throughout Palestine, today, against the British ban on immigrants not covered by the quota agreement. The strike, called by the Jewish National Council, lasted for six hours, except in Jerusalem itself, where it was held for three hours only.

This was because of the "special conditions" in the city—apparent difference to the curfew which obliges all Jews to be indoors from 6 p. m. to 6 a. m.

Stern Gang To Form 'International Brigade'

PARIS, Nov. 3 (Reuter): What is claimed to be an interview with an unnamed leader of the Stern Gang, predicting increased terrorism against the British in Palestine and formation of an "International Brigade" to help in the struggle for "Liberation of the Country from oppression of British Imperialism" was published in the French newspaper "Resistance" today.

"GRAND MUFTI, A BR. AGENT"

Denouncing the Grand Mufti as a British Agent, the leader said he was being watched constantly by Stern Gang agents.

The fleet left Invergordon early last Tuesday and "action stations" was the order of the day until its return to its home port.

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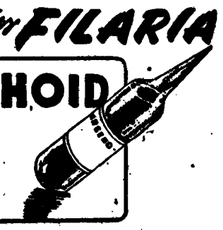

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"UNION INDIANS DID KEEP ALOOF FROM AFRICANS"

Mrs. Bellinger's Reply To Dr. Dadoo

LAHORE, Nov. 3. (A.P.I.): Mrs. Bellinger member of the South African Union Parliament, in an interview to the "Associated Press of India" replied to the criticism of her recent speech by Dr. Dadoo, President, Transvaal Indian Congress.

She said, "I have not seen the report from which Dr. Dadoo derived his information as to what I had said. I do not, in fact say, that Indians have no sympathy with Africans and feel that they have something to lose by identifying themselves with the African cause. What I did say was that in the past the Indians had felt that they had more to gain by holding aloof from the Africans in spite of our repeated warnings that the logic of a segregation policy applied to any group endangered the position of all political minorities. The passing of the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act has changed that position almost overnight. The Indian community is now persuaded under the pressure of this legislation that the Indian cause in South Africa and that of the African are one.

Dr. Dadoo cannot deny that in the past although there were individual Indian sympathisers with African aspirations and the demands of Africans for the repeal of oppressive laws and restrictions on their freedom, the official policy of Indians in South Africa was not to identify themselves with African affairs. As he is also aware, there was no official protest from any Indian source against the passage of the 1936 legislation which imposed the segregation policy on Africans and on which the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act is largely modelled.

AFRICAN UPLIFT.

Mrs. Bellinger said, "I am not going to join issue with Dr. Dadoo on the Passive Resistance movement. Ovbiously, his remarks on this subject are inspired by the original false premises from which he began his attack. But I must challenge his remarks that I have made 'enthusiastic statement' in regard to the improvement of social services for the African native population. What I have done is to point out that enormous improvements have taken place, as Dr. Dadoo himself would know, if he cared to deal in facts rather than in emotion. Very much remains to be done before any one who has the welfare of all sections of the depressed of South Africa's population at heart can be satisfied, but my own contention has always been that every improvement in the social position of the people strengthens their capacity to fight their own cause and to make their own demands.

COMMUNAL FRANCHISE.

Referring to communal representation, Mrs. Bellinger said, "I have not, as Dr. Dadoo says, made a doleful plea for the acceptance of communal representation. I have merely suggested that if this representation were established in spite of the Indians' demand for the common franchise, it might be used for a time to propagate the claims of Indians to full citizenship in South Africa. Now that this franchise has been established by law I have suggested that a boycott of it should be avoided unless a hundred per cent boycott can be guaranteed. Otherwise, the Indian community in South Africa is likely to find itself with spokesmen in Parliament whose direction will not be that of the majority of the Indians themselves. In this connection I repeat what I have said and written on various occasions that I personally am opposed to the communal franchise that I do not believe in the principle of the act under which I hold my seat in Parliament and that I am prepared to forego my seat as soon as the African population generally feels that the maximum propagandist value has been wrung from this type of representation and that it can no longer be of any use to them".

EGYPT'S COMPLAINT TO U. N. O. ASSEMBLY

LAKE SUCCESS (NEW YORK), Nov. 3 (Reuter): The Egyptian Delegation to the United Nations Conference has asked the General Assembly to take "most prompt and energetic measures" to put an "immediate end to the persecutions and to religious or socalled racial discrimination."

A resolution said that inquiries carried out in various states of Central Europe reveal that "citizens belonging to religious minorities continue, in spite of victory of democracies, to be subject to persecutions and discrimination which make their lives very difficult in countries where they have a definite right to be on an equal footing with all other citizens."

The resolution asserted: "These persecutions and discrimination constitute a complete denial of the most elementary principles of humanity and so against the aims of the united nations."

This item will be considered by the United Nations General Committee next week when it is likely to raise a lively discussion.

Germany's Future

British Policy Not Yet Finally Decided

LONDON, November 3. (Reuter): The brief which the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, will use when the future of Germany is discussed by the Council of Foreign Ministers, in New York, on November 20, is still under preparation, it is authoritatively stated in London, writes Reuter's diplomatic correspondent.

The latest and fullest guide to British policy in Germany remains the detailed statement, which Mr. Bevin made to the House of Commons, in last month's Foreign Affairs debate. Reports of a completed British plan for Germany which have appeared in London are not considered accurate in authoritative quarters here.

The first point—political unity of Germany excluding the Ruhr and Saar—is considered, by reliable observers to be particularly wide of the mark.

Britain, as Mr. Bevin stated, is agreed that the Saar should go to France, but political severance of the Ruhr from Germany is not part of any British proposals now under preparation.

On the second point Britain's ultimate acceptance of a Central German Government is implied in the Potsdam agreement, which stated that there was to be no Central Government in Germany "for the time being, but unlike the United States Secretary of State, Mr. James F. Byrnes and Marshal Stalin, Mr. Bevin's latest statement on Germany indicated that Britain is at present only willing to hand over the administration to the German authorities on a provincial level.

Well-informed quarters in London believe that the third point—Soviet participation in the international economic control of the Ruhr, if the Soviet authorities would agree to some form of international economic control in Eastern Germany—is one of the possible solutions of the Ruhr problem discussed by the Cabinet before Mr. Bevin left for the United States. But it is believed that this aspect of British policy towards Germany is still undecided.

OUTRAGE ON MEMORIAL TO KING'S VISIT

ROME, Nov 3 (Reuter): Unknown persons on Friday night smashed a memorial near Florence which commemorated the King of England's visit to the Allied armies in Arezzo in July 1944, Ansa, the Italian news agency said last night

The Agency added that investigations were now going on.

BR. EMBASSY BOMB EXPLOSION SEQUEL

ROME, Nov. 3 (Reuter): According to unconfirmed reports three people have been detained from a shop from which sold the suit cases in which bombs which destroyed a part of the British Embassy on Thursday were placed.

According to the reports the suit cases were bought by a foreigner.

"ONLY BRITISH TOADIES"

Begum Shah Nawaz Attacks Mrs. Pandit Delegation

NEW YORK, November 3. (U.P.A.): Begum Shah Nawaz and Mr. M. A. H. Ispahani, in an exclusive interview with the "United Press of America", today, said that the Indian delegation to the United Nations were merely Congress propagandists.

Ispahani said, "Muslim India is not represented at the United Nation. Mrs. Pandit represents the Congress. The only Muslim from British India is Justice Chagla of the Bombay High Court and he represents simply the British Raj."

Begum Shah Nawaz said. "I hope for the success of the United Nations. I am sure they are all trying to do good and such an organization can do great good if run on the proper lines but it is laughable to call the Indian representatives independent since they are only British toadies."

STRUGGLE FROM WITHIN

Asked why the Muslims decided to enter the Interim Government, Ispahani answered, "We entered simply to retrieve our position partly, if not wholly. Doing this to safeguard Muslim interests certainly does not mean we have given up Pakistan. We certainly are intending to carry on the struggle both in and out of the country until we achieve our goal."

Begum Shah Nawaz opined that there was no certainty that the League would accept the long-range plan and participate in the Constituent Assembly. She said it was up to the League Council to decide that and Mr. Jinnah alone could not make the decision.

"The League is not a Fascist organization like the Congress which is dominated by a couple of men—Gandhiji and Nehru", she said. "The League is democratic and nothing can be done without the vote of the Council—Mr. Jinnah or the Working Committee cannot make final decisions on a question like that."

Nambiar Watches Indian Currents

GOTTINGEN, (Germany), Nov. 2 (UPA): Arathil Nambiar, former right-hand man of Subhas Chandra Bose and Berlin Envoy of the "Provisional Government of Free India," is working here as a part time English-German translator for 100 marks monthly and does not want to return to India until he sees "which way the currents move."

Nambiar rents a single room on the third floor of a Gottingen lodging house. He is required to report to the local British Intelligence headquarters once a week, must not move more than five miles from Gottingen and must not change his address. His identity card classifies him as a security suspect but Nambiar said he will not again be questioned on his wartime activities.

He claimed to be an old friend of Pandit Nehru, adding "I believe the present changes in India could have been made years ago. It would have been worthwhile for Britain to co-operate with Nehru then but I do not want to go back to India yet. I would prefer waiting a few months to see which way the currents move."

Bose's Provisional Government would have made many changes in India similar to those already made, according to Nambiar. He said, "it will be useless for Britain to try to check Nehru in any way but I am afraid they will."

Nambiar said he believed Subhas Chandra Bose to be dead.

"I last heard from Bose a few days before the German surrender when I was in Australia", Nambiar said Then in September last year when I was under interrogation I heard he was dead. It seems most likely."

PEERS PUT BRAKES ON SOCIALISM

Labour Govt. To Deal Severely With Lords' Delay Tactics

LONDON, Nov. 3 (Reuter): The Conservative-dominated British House of Lords, which was warned that it would be dealt with if it seriously embarrassed the Socialist policy, recently has inflicted eight successive defeats upon the Labour Government, writes Fraser Wighton, "Reuter's Political Correspondent.

The significant point about these defeats is that while none of them is a vital challenge to Government authority the Labour administration in several instances has amended its proposals in deference to the defeats, though it could have rested on the fact that the Lords can only delay legislation and cannot overturn it. A case in point was the acceptance of a Lords amendment after a Government defeat on some Health Insurance Bill clauses.

In the first year of the Labour Government the House of Lords have justified the prediction that they might temporarily become the spearhead of the opposition attack, political quarters think it a testimony to the subtlety of the Peers' methods that they have done this without promoting a first class constitutional crisis.

The real clash will come only if the Lords take an intractable line over some measure which is an essential part of the Socialist pattern of policy but Parliamentary students think that the Upper House is unlikely to push matters to this length.

The Labour Party has never said officially that it is committed to actual abolition of the House of Lords in its present form. Labour leaders including the Lord President of the Council, Mr. Herbert Morrison, have, however, indicated in the clearest possible terms that the Government would not stand idly by if the Lords, instead of pursuing its normal constitutional functions, was used by the Opposition to stone-wall or sabotage Labour policy.

What actually would happen if the Government decided to "discipline" the House of Lords is not clear. Actual abolition of the chamber, which some Peers have advocated, is a constitutional proposal of such size that the Labour Government would probably have to secure the mandate of the country by a general election.

COMMON MINISTRY FOR ALL CHURCHES

British Primate's Unity Move

CAMBRIDGE, Nov. 3 (Reuter): A plan for unity between the Church of England and the Non-Conformist Churches was put forward today by the Primate of all England, the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Geoffrey Fisher, who was addressing the Cambridge University.

Dr. Fisher said: "Rome alone remains officially unwilling to acknowledge other folds under the One Shepherd or even to join in prayer with them."

He added: "Between all others there is interchange of fellowship and prayer and searching to overthrow the barriers between them."

The Archbishop, who said that his ultimate object was one of complete freedom of religious worship by interchange of pulpit personalities, declared: "For full communion between Churches there is needed a ministry mutually acknowledged by all as possessing not only inward call but also authority which each Church in conscience requires."

2,000 SHORT SERVICE COMMISSIONS

Application Invited By November 30

NEW DELHI, Nov. (A.P.I.): It has been decided to grant 2,000 short service commissions in the Indian Army as an initial allotment. Those eligible are British subjects of Indian domicile or decent or subjects of Indian states who are serving or have been released from the Indian Forces, as explained in Army Instruction, India, on August 12, 1946.

The first commissions under this scheme will be given in the near future the total being granted within three or four months by which time all applications will have been received and considered at G. H. Q.

Those at present serving in the R.I.N. the Army and R.I.A.F. are reminded that their applications must be received by N.H. Q., G.H.Q. (S.P. Directorate) or Air. H. Q. as the case may be by November 30, 1946, at the latest. Naval and Air Headquarters will forward applications recommended by them to G.H.Q. (S.P. Dte).

From the number of applications already received it is evident that it will be impossible to grant commissions in the first instance to all those wishing to accept them. The acceptance of any candidate will, therefore, depend on the number of vacancies in the army or services for which he wishes to be considered and ofcourse on his past record and the reports of his immediately superior officers.

No Indian emergency commissioned officer, whether still serving or released will be require to appear before a selection board.

EXPERMENTS IN CO-OP. FARMING

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 2: The Central Development Board with Pt. Nehru in chair decided to launch experiments in co-operative farming and joint village management in the province of Delhi.

Experiment will be made under the direct control, direction and supervision of the Central Government.

Development Commissioner is being appointed who will become secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Delhi.

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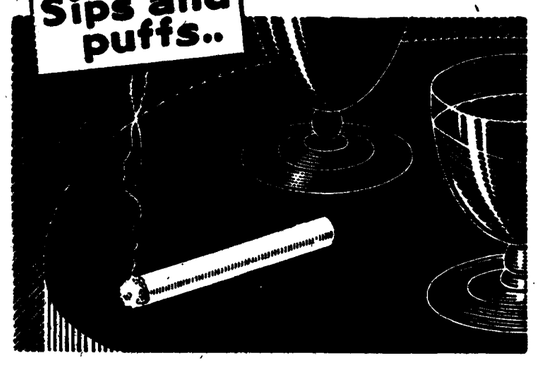

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Signs Of Freedom From Hunger Next Spring

WORLD FOOD PRODUCTION FOR 1946-'47 TO BE SLIGHTLY BETTER THAN PRE-WAR AVERAGE

WASHINGTON, November 3, (Reuter): The world food production from the 1946-'47 harvests may slightly exceed the pre-war average, the United States' Department of Agriculture predicted, but added the warning that a careful utilisation of the available export surplus will be needed to avert another acute near-famine next spring.

In an exhaustive report, covering the prospects in all main food-producing nations of the world, the Department said that the overall output should be about 7 per cent above last year's low production, but "the production level in war and drought devastated areas is still far below the average and food imports will continue to be urgent. The demand from exporting countries is likely to be nearly as great during this year as last, while exportable surpluses in terms of calories may not be larger. Bread-grain supplies, available for export, will be somewhat smaller than last year, because of the reduction of stocks and rice supplies available from the exporting area may be no larger

EXPORT BASIS

The Department added: "More than four-fifths of the prospective 1947 food exports from the United States are expected to be on a cash or credit basis, whereas in the first half of 1946 nearly one-half of the United States agricultural exports consisted of Lend-Lease and other war-connected non-commercial shipments."

EASING OF FOOD POSITION IN INDIA

The United States Department of Agriculture today predicted "some easing" of the tight Indian Food situation by new year and forecast "a general improvement if the winter rains and growing seasons are favourable."

The Report said that prospects in rice surplus areas in India were generally good but warned that the tight food situation will be of the longest duration in the southern area as the main winter-grown crops are just being planted."

HOW TRAVANCORE "UPRISING" WAS PUT DOWN

Sir C. P. Explains Why He Was Made C.-in-C. When Martial Law Was Declared

BOMBAY, Nov. 3 (APA).—Sir C. P Ramaswamy Aiyar, Dewan of Travancore, today described the present disturbances in Travancore as an "organized insurrection" by a certain section of the public, especially the younger generation, with the help of the State Communist Party.

His comment was made about reports from Communist sources that there was a general strike in Travancore, involving 60,000 workers in the coir industry, 20,000 boat and cargo-workers and 20,000 workers in aluminium and other factories. The Dewan characterised the report as "completely wrong." He showed the A.P.A. representative a telegram received yesterday from the Administrative Secretary in the State saying: "All quiet everywhere. Quilon factories all resumed work. Alleppy workers returning to work and normality being restored."

In an interview with the Associated Press of America, Sir Ramaswamy stated that the trouble started when the Communist Party circulated stories that if the authority could be overthrown and the resources of the State divided between the people, "each man, woman and child would have 13.1/2 cents of land," on which to earn their livelihood That is about one-eight of an acre. The Communists also circulated a story, Sir Ramaswamy added, that "the Government of India had prohibited the police to operate firearms, and had restricted the military to fire only one round." These stories, Sir Ramaswamy added, gave impetus to the people to rise in revolt against the administration with the conviction that even if half a dozen people were killed in the police firing, they would eventually be able to overthrow the Government and establish what they call a "popular administration."

Regarding the measures he took to suppress the insurrection, Sir Ramaswamy said: "There was no point in going piecemeal. I deliberately made a departure in that respect. Because till now the civil authority had requested the assistance of military, I do not want to say that I am not responsible for the measures taken by the military. That is why I requested the Maharaja to give me the rank of a Lieutenant-General, so that I could direct the military myself. There can be no shooting there except directly under my orders. If people want to blame anybody for these measures, let them blame me."

Commenting on the communal disturbances in the country, Sir C. P. said: "If advocates of 'direct action' in 1942 could be put behind prison bars, I do not see any reason why advocates of 'direct action' in 1946 could not have been put in jail."

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Colaba Road, BOMBAY.

Jinnah's Plea For Free Elections In Kashmir

NEW DELHI, Nov. 2 (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, has issued the following statement to the press:—

"I have had the opportunity of meeting the deputation on behalf of the All-Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference and I deeply regret that the Kashmir Government should have thought fit to ban the annual session of the conference. It is opposed to the elementary principles of liberty. The people have every right to meet in a peaceful manner and criticise the policy and actions of any civilised Government. It is regrettable that the foremost leaders of the conference should have been arrested and detained without trial and, from all accounts that I have received, the Prime Minister, Mr. Kak, and the Government are pursuing a policy of suppressing free expression of opinion and resorting to unjustifiable methods of terrorism and gagging the free expression of opinion on the eve of the ensuing elections. I therefore appeal to the Maharaja to intervene in the matter immediately and allow the forthcoming elections to be free and fair and release all the detenus and see that effect is given to the spirit and letter of such reforms as he has already introduced. I have discussed with the members of the deputation the whole matter very carefully and I gather from them that they have no intention to resort to direct action or unlawful methods. They are anxious and they desire to contest the elections for Muslim seats in the forthcoming elections and every facility should be given to the people by the Government. There should be no interference by the officials and complete freedom, fairness and impartiality should be guaranteed. If these conditions are created it will show, and the deputation are confident, that they will sweep the board and prove that the Jammu and Kashmir Muslim Conference is the only authoritative representative organisation of the Mussalmans of the State.

"I appeal to the Muslims of Kashmir to be guided by their unquestioned leader, Chaudhari Ghulam Abbas who is now under detention and in his absence, by Chaudhari Hamidullah Khan, who has been appointed by him as the acting-President of the Muslim Conference. z

"DIRECT THREAT TO WORLD PEACE"

Korean's Demand Immediate Action To End "Arbitrary Division"

LAKE SUCCESS, (New York), Nov. 2 (Reuter): All members of the United Nations' General Assembly have been urged to take immediate action to end the "arbitrary division" of Korea between the military forces of the United States and the Soviet Union in a letter received from Louise Yim, Korean representative on the Democratic Council of South Korea, it was reported to-day.

The letter said: "This intolerable condition constitutes a direct threat not only to the peace of the orient, but to the peace of the world. Peace in our time—peace at any time—will be impossible, while the Korean nation of 30 millions, your fellow human beings, are divided and enslaved.

The letter adds: "We request that the American Military Government in Southern Korea be terminated and a Korean Civilian Government be inaugurated. In the event of delay in the retirement of Soviet authorities from Northern Korea, we urge retention of military forces under the able leadership of Lieutenant General John Reed Hodge (United States Commander in Southern Korea) until such time as the Russian forces withdraw."

RUMANIA'S "NO" TO BRITISH NOTE

BUCHAREST, Nov. 2 (Reuter): Rumania's reply to the British Note of Oct. 28 on the forthcoming Rumanian elections fixed for November 19 was handed today to Mr. Adrian Holman, the British Political representative in Rumania, by Dr. George Tatarescu, the Rumanian Foreign Minister and Deputy Prime Minister.

The Rumanian Government, said the Rumanian News Agency, while thanking the British Government for its expressions of satisfaction that the elections were to be held, regretted that it could not accept the representations contained in the British note. Such criticisms and recommendations it regarded as infringement of Rumanian sovereignty and direct interference with Rumanian domestic affairs, the reply said.

Warning To U.S. About Germany

BERLIN, Nov. 3 (A.P.A.): Gen. Lucius D. Clay, Deputy American Military Governor for Germany, warned to-day in a radio broadcast to America that the standard of living must be raised quickly in Germany, if the Germans are to be won over to democracy.

Clay, who plans to fly to the United States about November 10 to confer with Secretary of State James F. Byrnes on the preparation of a Peace Treaty for Germany, gave a report on the achievements and problems of Military Government in Germany in the broadcast.

Plea For Indo-Persian Political Relations

TEHERAN, Nov. 2 (Reuter): The moderate left-wing paper "Farman" declared in a leader today: "Persia should have been the first country to establish political relations with India. Now that United States have gone a step ahead of us by establishing political relations with India, we should not lose time in doing the same. We hope the Persian Government will take necessary measures in this respect as early as possible."

TEHERAN ASKS FOR 250,000,000 DOLLARS LOAN

TEHERAN, Nov. 2. (Reuter): The Persian Government has asked the International Bank for Reconstruction anid Development for a credit of 250,000,000 dollars (£62,500,000), it was officially announced here to-day. The request was made through the Persian National Bank.

BRITAIN'S POLITICAL HANGMAN

MOSCOW, Nov. 2 (Reuter): The Soviet periodical "New Times" replying to a letter, which it said had been received from an Englishman, declared today that Britain was supporting reactionary forces whose "political hangman" was Mr. Winston Churchill.

SIND GOVT. MUST WITHDRAW THAT 'SENSELESS BAN'

Satyarth Prakash Enjoys Same Status As Bible Or Quoran, Says Gandhiji

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 3 (API).—"One had thought that the ban on "Satyarth Prakash" had lapsed. Never to be renewed. But the hope was a dupe. Here is the renewed ban" writes Mahatma Gandhi in today's "Harijan" under the caption "Sind Bans Satyarth Prakash".

Quoting the latest ban order of the Sind Government, Gandhiji says: "It is wider in application than before. The lapsed ban made it criminal to print or publish the book containing Chapter 14 The renewed ban makes the possession of such a copy a crime. Cannot help feeling that the ban is senseless and is calculated to wound the susceptibilities of the Arya Samajists all the world over.

"Satyarth Prakash" enjoys the same status for 40 lakhs of Arya Samajists as the Quran for the Muslims and the Bible for the Christians. It is possible to understand a ban on contemporaneous controversial literature, though at this time of the day popular Governments are reluctant even then to use their power. But it seems to be mischievous to ban a scriptural book. I would therefore urge the Sind Government to withdraw the ban in question.

Gandhiji's Health

CALCUTTA, Nov. 2 (API): Mahatma Gandhi's cough, which has been causing him some trouble for the last few days, is gradually lessening it is learnt, from enquiry at the Sodepur Asram this evening.

Mahatma Gandhi's present diet consists of cocoanut water, a little fruit juice, hot water and honey or glucose.

Security Council

'Went Beyond Its Authority'

Egyptian Attack On Behalf Of "Unsuccessful" Countries

LAKE SUCCESS, (New York), Nov. 2 (Reuter): The United Nations Political Committee to-day approved the passing on to the General Assembly the Security Council's recommendation that Sweden, Afghanistan and Iseland be admitted to United Nations membership.

The Egyptian delegate, Mohamed Fawzi Bey, strongly criticised the Security Council for refusing the applications of the five other countries saying, "We consider the Council went beyond its authority." Senor Hector Castro, of El Salvador, also pleaded on behalf of the unsuccessful countries—Eire, Albania, outer Mongolia, the Transjordan and Portugal.

M. Andre Vyshinsky for the Soviet Union asked if this were a proper subject for debate after the chairman had declared the recommendations approved, but Australia and Mexico led the move to have a general debate at once on the Security Council's five refusals.

The Committee adjourned until Tuesday without reaching a vote on whether to allow a discussion.

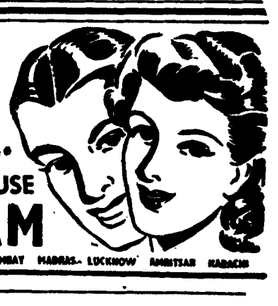
BEVIN HOPEFUL OF U. N. O.'S PROGRESS

NEW YORK, Nov. 2 (Reuter).—Mr. Ernest Bevin, the British Foreign Secretary, told correspondents when he arrived in New York tonight: "Everyone in the world wants peace. They are tired of turmoil. "We have to develop one stage at a time—develop confidence in our achievements and then proceed to the next stage and build, and build, until we have achieved this great ideal of world Government."

Mr. Bevin was hopeful that the United Nations would develop as intended "It takes time to build the constitution of a world organisation. It cannot be expected to sail into smooth waters in a moment. There is no need to be despondent.

Questioned on the rise of nationalism in the East, Mr. Bevin declared that other countries must do their best to guide the new nationalism into the ways of the world organisation. "I cannot of course forecast the future", he said. "I can only hope that the great United Nations will be developed as designed and intended. A World Government is essential. We must have patience in which to work and with a will. It may well be possible we can build a system of world organisation."

CHETANA CULTURE CENTRE
will open from November 5th
THE SRI RAJA RAJESWARI
Classical Indian Dance Classes.
BHARATA NATYAM
under the directorship of
SRI GOVINDARAJ PILLAI of Tanjore.
Classes are open to girls and boys
For particulars apply
CHETANA
34, Rampart Row, BOMBAY. Phone 33459.


Two heads are better than one... IF BOTH USE STANCREAM
SMITH STANISTREET & CO. LTD. CALCUTTA BOMBAY MADRAS LUCKNOW AMRITSAR KARACHI

Kashmir
for Winter Sport
evel in the freezing snow and ski under ideal conditions. Complete skiing kit obtainable.
TRAVEL PARTICULARS FROM:—THE DIRECTOR, VISITORS' BUREAU, SRINAGAR
RANJIT

SUNSHINE
Glaxo
builds bonnie babies
Distributors in India:
H. J. FOSTER & CO., LTD.
Bombay Calcutta Madras Lahore
GLAXO Instruction Book on Infant Management obtainable for 4 as. stamps Send name and address (in block letters) to H J. Foster & Co Ltd. P O Box 202 Bombay No 1

BRITISH INDUSTRY proves claims of Oravac
Actual tests in Great Britain's largest factories where the Oravac treatment was reserved for war workers, show that nine out of every ten cases treated with Oravac, colds were prevented. This striking achievement was due to the modern method of immunisation which aims at preventing disease by building up resistance. Oravac stimulates the system to produce protective substances. By this means germs are destroyed *before* infection can get a hold. You, too, can prevent colds and their dangerous complications by taking a course of

Oravac
ANTI-COLD TREATMENT
FOR COLDS & COMPLICATIONS
Treatment is simplicity itself. Three teaspoonfuls in water once a week for six weeks. No troublesome injections. Write for leaflet
BURGE SAWYER & CO. (India) LTD., POONE RD., BOMBAY
Made in England by CALMIC LIMITED

MUTT AND JEFF—But Where Did They Get the Stake Anyway—That's The Mystery. By BUD FISHER

WHERE ARE YOUR MANNERS? I OFFER YOU A PIECE OF MY STEAK AND YOU TAKE THE BIG PIECE!
I'M HUNGRY, MUTT!
I DID THAT JUST TO SEE WHICH PIECE YOU WOULD TAKE!
NOW IF IT WAS ME I WOULD HAVE TAKEN THE SMALLEST PIECE!
O. K. YOU GOT IT, MUTT! LET'S EAT!
SEE! YOU'LL NEVER LEARN! YOU'RE HOPELESS! OH, IT'S NOT YOUR FAULT! YOU JUST DON'T KNOW ANY BETTER! YOU WERE BORN THAT WAY!
YOU'RE JUST NO GOOD TO THIS WORLD! YOU NEVER WAS AND YOU NEVER WILL BE!
SO THAT'S WHY MY MOTHER THREW ME AWAY AND KEPT THE STORK WHEN I WAS BORN!
?

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.

MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.

To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Suitable beautiful match for Arora-Hasija, age 26 income Rs. 300 monthly. Dowry no consideration. Please communicate with Post Box No. 111, New Delhi. (3822)

Hindu Bachelor high salaried educated officer, aged 30, invites matrimonial correspondence. C/o City Post 63, Poona. 3768

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted an experienced M.B.B.S. for a small State in Kathiawar salary beginning from Rs. 150/- p.m. free unfurnished house and limited private practice. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 419, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited for the post of a graduate lady doctor in the grade 200-10-300-20-500 plus house rent Rs. 20/- p.m. and conveyance allowance Rs. 20/- p.m. plus dearness allowance at 17½% on pay. Starting pay dependent on experience and qualifications. Leave, Travelling Allowance and Provident Fund according to State Rules. Post now vacant. Apply immediately to the Principal Medical Officer, Jodhpur. (418)

Wanted immediately an Accountant for a business firm in Bombay. Persons knowing insurance accounts will be preferred. Good prospectus for proper persons. Apply P.O. Box 1176, Bombay. 3815

Wanted efficient Salesman, experienced in Automobile spare parts business. Apply with testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 3833, "Bombay Chronicle."

Gill, Grewall & Co. have vacancies for Salesmen, Salesgirls. Salary Rs. 210. Apply Box No. 3831, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Labour Officer for a local mill, must be fully experienced in all labour laws, procedures and capable of taking independent charge. Please apply with copies of testimonials to Shree Ram Mills, Parel, Bombay—13. 406

Wanted immediately a long term Kandiwali-Trained Physical Training Instructor in the grade of 60-5-120-E.B.-6-180 and other allowances. A graduate Instructor will get Rs. 60/- plus Rs. 22/- plus Rs. 15/- (including D. A.) i.e. Rs. 97/- to start with apply to Principal, Y. D. Keskar, Sir K. P. College of Commerce, Surat. 397

Wanted immediately experienced Supervisors and outdoor Clerks for a leading firm of Engineers and Contractors. Must be prepared to serve any where in India, Burma or Ceylon. Apply with details of experience, age, copies of testimonials and salary expected to Box No. 398, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS WANTED

Experienced Independent Correspondent/Typist Seeks Part-time job—between the hours—8 a.m. to 10 a.m. Preferably in Fort area. Contact Box No. 3832, "Bombay Chronicle."

Young brilliant, energetic Honours Graduate with high references seeks employment in a responsible post. Costing and Accountancy line preferred, in which will any employer give him a start? Reply Box No. 3820, "Bombay Chronicle."

MACHINERIES WANTED

Wanted the following Machines, complete new or second-hand (1) for making Pearl or Powder Barley, (2) one for making biscuits. Apply with particulars and lowest price to Gulab Bagh Industries. Hathras. (260)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Learn Dentistry with less expenditure. Apply Shree Digvijaysinhji Dental Training Institute, Jamnagar. (3774)

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Enrol immediately for Professional Diploma Courses, viz., Company Secretarial, Bank Officers, Accountants and General Commerce. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for enrolment and prospectus. 51, Esplanade Road. (3803)

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

For Sale Lonavla Large Plot on Bombay-Poona Road, Electric, water, suitable for colony, factory, Sanatorium, C. M. Wadekar, Wadekar's Bungalow. (3818)

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Vacuum Pumps and Air Compressors for Sale. Manufactured by M/s. Lacy-Hulbert & Co., Ltd., England. Apply Western Manufacturing Co., Post Box No. 1230, Fort, Bombay No. 1 "Westerwork." (3834)

AGENCIES WANTED

Let us help you in flourishing your business: Undertaken Agencies of all sorts for Kolhapur and the Deccan States. Get in touch immediately with "The General Agency," Kolhapur Shahupuri. (3662)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Ford Lorry 30 H.P. 1942 Model 15 cwt., body with new Hood, in perfect condition. Apply Box No. 395 "Bombay Chronicle."

For sale from ready stock Naphthalene Powder. Enquire Indian Industries, 9, Clive Street, Calcutta (3791)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

G. I. P. RAILWAY

WANTED—Candidates to fill 20 temporary posts of Untrained Candidates on the Sholapur Division, pay Rs. 25 p.m. (which has been raised to Rs. 35 as a temporary measure) plus Dearness Allowance admissible according to the station of posting and also 'Interim Relief' of Rs. 4/8 p.m. Candidates should have passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination. A few candidates are likely to be retained permanently.

After passing the necessary departmental examination, Untrained Candidates will be promoted as Trained Candidates on Rs. 40 p.m. in the grade of Rs. 40-2-4-50 as and when vacancies occur.

Candidates should not be less than 18 years and not more than 25 years of age on 1-12-1946. For candidates belonging to Scheduled Caste the age limit will be 28 years.

Full particulars and forms of application are obtainable from the Divisional Traffic Manager, G. I. P. Railway, Sholapur, on payment of Re. 1 by Money Order on or before 25-11-1946. The application form duly filled in together with the attested copies of certificates should reach the Divisional Traffic Manager, Sholapur, on or before 15-12-1946. Full name and address of the applicant should be entered in BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS ON MONEY ORDER COUPON. In the case of Scheduled Caste candidates, the fee is annas four only.

Selected candidates will be called to appear for an examination and also for an interview, if necessary. Applicants called for an interview or examination will be required to attend at their own expense.

The payment of the prescribed fee for the application form is no guarantee that each candidate who has applied will be called for an examination or for an interview or will be appointed. Under no circumstances will this fee be refunded.

Any attempt to influence a candidate's selection will disqualify him for appointment. Successful candidates will have to pass a prescribed medical examination before appointment. 364

G. I. P. RAILWAY

WANTED—Candidates to fill 20 temporary posts of Untrained candidates on the Bhusawal Division, pay Rs. 25 p.m. (which has been raised to Rs. 35 as a temporary measure) plus Dearness Allowance admissible according to the station of posting and also 'Interim Relief' of Rs. 4/8 p.m. Candidates should have passed the Matriculation or an equivalent examination. A few candidates are likely to be retained permanently.

After passing the necessary departmental examination, Untrained Candidates will be promoted as Trained Candidates on Rs. 40 p.m. in the grade of Rs. 40-2-4-50 as and when vacancies occur.

Candidates should not be less than 18 years and not more than 25 years of age on 1-12-1946. For candidates belonging to Scheduled Caste the age limit will be 28 years.

Full particulars and forms of application are obtainable from the Divisional Traffic Manager, Bhusawal, on payment of Re. 1 by Money Order on or before 25-11-1946. The application form duly filled in together with the attested copies of certificates should reach the Divisional Traffic Manager, Bhusawal on or before 15-12-1946. Full name and address of the applicant should be entered in BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS ON MONEY ORDER COUPON. In the case of Scheduled Caste candidates, the fee is annas four only.

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NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS

MEMBERS of the Common Jury summoned for the current criminal Sessions are required to attend the High Court on the 1st floor, Room No. 37, on Monday, the 4th November, 1946 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.).

Bombay, 2nd November, 1946.

A. A. JASDENVALA,
Sheriff of Bombay.
417

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents in all cities and towns for Curry Masala powders, used in preparation of Dhal, all kinds of vegetable subjees, mutton and fish. Quick and vast selling products. S. S. Company, 73, Arasamaram Street, Vellore (North Arcot District). (3819)

Wanted Agents or Stockists for our Pearl and Nut Buttons. The Luxmi Button Mfg. Co., Dacca (Bengal). (3756)

MISCELLANEOUS

For Valuable Tips on I.W. Commonsense Crosswords. Apply to the Manager, "Champion", Calicut enclosing Four Annas postage stamps. (3821)

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

For Sale—A hotel for sale as a running concern in Fort area. Contact Box No. 3814, "Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF BHOPAL

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

No 32, dated Bhopal the 1st November, 1946.

3 Per cent LOAN

Of the Government of Bhopal, Repayable 1966-76

(Free of Bhopal Government Income-tax).

1. OBJECT.—The proceeds of the loan will be used only for capital expenditure on schemes comprised under the following heads which are either fully productive, or if not technically fully productive, produce a return which taken along with the indirect benefits from the scheme in each case, the Government of Bhopal consider sufficient to justify the execution of the scheme:

(i) Development of—
  (a) Hydro-Electric and other Power.
  (b) Irrigation,
  (c) Communications,
  (d) Industries and Agriculture.
(ii) Social Services, such as, Education, Health, etc., in the State.
(iii) Advances to local bodies for development of social services including health and medical aid.

2. SECURITY FOR LOAN.—The loan is guaranteed by the Government of Bhopal, and interest thereon will be secured on the revenues of the Bhopal State.

3. DESCRIPTION.—The loan will be briefly described as the Bhopal Government 3 per cent. loan 1966-76.

4. AMOUNT OF ISSUE.—The amount of the loan will be Rs. 250 lacs of which Rs. 100 lacs have been reserved for the State and its subjects.

5. ISSUE PRICE.—The issue price will be Rs. 100 for every Rs. 100 of the loan applied for.

6. SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Subscriptions will be received from the 12th November, 1946. The loan will be closed without notice as soon as it appears that the total subscription has been received and in any case not later than the close of business on the 15th November 1946.

7. PARTIAL ALLOTMENT.—If the subscription by the public exceeds the amount required, allotment will be made PRO RATA, except as regards the amount reserved as per paragraph 4 above. If PRO RATA allotment is made, a proportionate refund will be made as soon as possible after allotment. No interest will be paid on the amounts so refunded.

8. DATE OF REPAYMENT.—The loan will be repaid at par on the 15th November, 1976, provided that the Bhopal Government retain the right to repay the whole or any part thereof after giving six months notice in the leading papers in Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Delhi and Bhopal at any time after the 15th November, 1966.

9. INTEREST.—The Loan will bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent per annum from the 16th November, 1946.

Interest will be payable half-yearly on the 15th May and 15th November and will be free of any tax on income in the Bhopal State.

10. PLACE OF PAYMENT OF INTEREST.—Interest will be paid at:—

(1) Government Treasuries:—On promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest at any Treasury in the State.
(2) Imperial Bank of India:—On Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest at any of the undernoted offices:—
  Bombay, Calcutta, Madras & Delhi.
(3) Associated Banking Corporation of India Ltd., Bombay. Head Office and all Branches
  (a) On Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest at any of their Branches,
  (b) On Coupons of Bearer Bonds tendered at their Bombay Head Office for encashment.
(4) Bank of Bhopal Ltd., Head Office and all Branches
  (a) On Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest at their Head Office or any of their Branches
  (b) On Coupons of Bearer Bonds tendered for encashment at any of their offices.
  (c) Interest Warrants for Stock Certificates will be issued direct by the Bank of Bhopal Ltd., on due dates to the registered holders at their given addresses or to their Bankers on receipt of definite instructions.

11. FORM OF SECURITIES.—The Loan will be issued in the form
(1) Promissory Notes,
(2) Bearer Bonds,
(3) Stock.

If no preference is stated by the applicants, the securities will be issued in the form of Promissory Notes. THE PROMISSORY NOTES ARE TRANSFERABLE BY ENDORSEMENT and will be in denominations of Rs. 100, Rs. 500, Rs. 1,000, Rs. 5,000, Rs. 10,000, Rs. 25,000, Rs. 50,000 and Rs. 1,00,000.

BEARER BONDS WILL BE ISSUED IN DENOMINATION of Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 10,000 each and will have bearer COUPONS ATTACHED TO THEM.

Applicants for Stock will be given Stock Certificates of the denominations required.

12. APPLICATION FOR LOAN.
(1) Applications for the loan must be for Rs. 100, or for a multiple of that sum.
(2) Applications will be received at:—
  (i) Sadar Treasury, Bhopal City and/or at any Government Treasury in the Bhopal State.
  (ii) Imperial Bank of India, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Delhi.
  (iii) Associated Banking Corporation of India Ltd., Bombay, Head Office and all Branches.
  (iv) Bank of Bhopal Ltd.:—All Branches.
(3) **Applications may be made in the form attached hereto (printed copies of which are available at the places mentioned above) or in any other form which states clearly the amount and description of the securities required, the full name and address of the applicants and place at which he desires that interest shall be paid.**

13. METHOD OF PAYING SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Applications should be accompanied by the necessary payment either in cash or by cheque for the amount of the loan applied for. Cheques should be made payable to the Bank to which the application is made. For applications sent to Bhopal all cheques should be made payable to the Bank of Bhopal, Ltd., Cheques drawn on Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Delhi and Bhopal will be collected at par.

When a cheque is tendered in payment of the application money, the security will not be issued until the amount of the cheque has been realised.

14. BROKERAGE.—Brokerage will be paid at the rate of one-eighth per cent on allotments made in respect of applications for the loan.

15. DEPRECIATION FUND.—The Government of Bhopal will provide in each financial year from 1947-48 a sum of money to be used for purchasing the securities of the loan for cancellation.

16. SINKING FUND.—The Government of Bhopal will also make such annual contributions to a Sinking Fund to be utilised towards the amortisation of the loan, as they may from time to time decide to be necessary.

K. F. HAIDER,
(Etimadul-Mulk Ali Martabat)
Finance Member,
Government of Bhopal

Benazir Palace, BHOPAL.

ANNOUNCEMENT

WELL EXPERIENCED business man 25 years in Continent and Britain desires form combine for mutual export-import trade Europe/India unique opportunity for genuine investors and well established firms. Imports specialities Textiles including silks and Rayon, fancy goods, hosiery, Machinery and parts, Paints and colours, Crockery, Electrical Appliances, Plate Glass, Mirrors and window paines, Cutlery, Footwear, Clocks and Watches and can also undertake exports from India to different places in Europe for raw materials, Cotton, Seeds, Jute, Rugs, Leather, Copra etc. Apply Box No. 3746, "Bombay Chronicle." 3746

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: A. KOVILIN,
Present Nationality: RUSSIAN.
Full Address: Samudra Tarang, 14, Keluskar Rd., North, Bombay 28. (365)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER

OUR NEW THREE LINE telephones are now working and the revised numbers are

32041, 32042 and 32043

INDIAN TRADE & GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.,
Jehangir Building,
Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort.
(3837)

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER

THE TELEPHONE NUMBER of our MARINE DEPARTMENT in future will be 32041

THE BRITISH INDIA GENERAL INS. CO., LTD.,
Bombay.
(3836)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES,

Office of the Director of Supplies, Strand House, Graham Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay.

TENDER NOTICE

SUB: Amendment to Notice regarding Tender No. BOM|M|327 due on 6-11-1946 for Mirrors.

In the Tender Notice published on 29|30-10-1946,

(1) DELETE: the following words from the Description of Stores:

"to G.I.P. Drg. No. SA-235 Alt. Nil I.S.D. Specn. No. G-Misc.-64B" against item 1.
"to G.I.P. Drg. No. SA-235 and I.S.D. Specn. No. G.Misc. 64B" against item 2.

(2) The size of Mirrors against Item (2) should read as 20" x 16" x 1|4" INSTEAD of 10" x 16" x 1|4".

(421)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of the Chief Fire Superintendent of the Ahmedabad Municipality on the graded pay of Rs. 250-20-400 per mensem. The qualifications prescribed for the post under Ahmedabad Municipal Rule No. 257(5) are as under:

(1) He must be a well-built young man and have good education (knowledge at least upto Matriculation).

(2) He must have received training in the Fire Brigade either in England or in India.

(3) He must be thoroughly conversant with the use of all kinds of Fire appliances.

(4) He must have a thorough grounding in Fire drills, including the complete knowledge of escaping and helping escapes from fire, ascending fire escapes, raising, holding out and jumping from heights.

(5) He must be a strong disciplinarian.

(6) He must be a Mechanical Engineer.

Intending candidates should send their applications, stating age, qualifications, experience, etc. with not more than 3 copies of testimonials, so as to reach the Chief Officer not later than 1st December, 1946. A really efficient and competent person may be given an intermediate pay in the abovementioned grade of Rs. 250-20-400. Persons serving in any public institution such as Government or a Municipality should apply through their immediate heads of departments in which they are working.

(Sd.) G. L. SHETH,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad, D|-31-10-1946.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts in the Medical Department of the Dhrangadhra State (Kathiawar).

(1) L.C.P.S., Doctors with D. T. M. or L.T.M. preferred.
  (a) Pay Rs. 60 in the grade 60-5-100.
  (b) D.A. according to the State Rules (Rs. 14) p.m.
  (c) Free quarters or house-rent upto Rs 10 p.m.
  (d) Private practice allowed according to State Rules.
(2) B.P.N.A., Nurse for Women's Hospital at Halvad.
  (a) Pay Rs. 60 in the grade 60-5-100.
  (b) D.A. according to State Rules (Rs. 14) p.m.
  (c) Free quarters.
  (d) Private practice allowed according to State Rules.

2. Working knowledge of Gujarati is necessary. Initial higher pay will be given according to qualifications and previous experience. Apply to the General Member, State Council, Dhrangadhra State, stating age, caste, mother-tongue, educational qualifications, experience where and how occupied at present together with copies of testimonials before the 1st December, 1946. 341

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all concerned that I have applied for naturalisation as a British subject under the British Nationality and Status of Aliens Act, 1914, and that my application is at present under the consideration of the Government of India. Any person who has any objection to such naturalization may send his representation to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, New Delhi.

Name: HUGO BLOCH
Present Nationality: STATELESS
Full Address: OVAL VIEW, Queen's Road, Bombay. 312

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Senior Overseer in the Gardens Department before 15th November, 1946.

PAY: 200-10-260 PLUS 17½% Dearness Allowance p.m.

CONVEYANCE ALLOWANCE: Rs. 40/- p.m.; and Free (unfurnished) Quarters.

QUALIFICATIONS:— B.Ag., or B.Sc. (Agri.) degree from a recognized University with practical experience in Horticulture.

AGE: Below 45 years.

Employees in Municipal Service entitled to apply through proper channels.

The selected candidate will be amenable to Municipal Service Regulations.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay,
D. I. AHMADI,
Superintendent, Municipal Gardens,
Victoria Gardens, Bombay 27
Dated 31st October, 1946.
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NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following temporary posts from Muslim and Scheduled Caste candidates only:—

1. "A" Grade Clerks: Scale: Rs. 120-10-200. Candidates must be either first class graduates, double graduates or graduates with 3 years' clerical experience. Matriculates with at least seven years' experience will also be considered. Preference will be given to persons having good clerical experience in a Government office or well recognised commercial firm.

2. "B" Grade Clerks: Scale: Rs. 80-5-100-E.B.-10-120. Applicants should either be graduates or Matriculates with at least 3 years' experience in a Government office or well recognised commercial House.

3. "C" Grade Clerks: Scale: Rs. 55-5-60-E.B.-5-80. Candidates should have passed at least Matriculation Examination or any other equivalent examination. Preference will be given to persons with previous clerical experience.

4. Stenographers: Scale: Rs. 90-5-160. The applicants will be required to pass a test in Shorthand at 100/120 words per minute for 5/7 minutes. Preference will be given to those who have previous practical experience.

5. Typists: Scale: Rs. 55-5-60-E.B.-5-80. Applicants should be Matriculates or should have passed at least the pre-matriculation standard and should be able to type accurately at a minimum speed of 40 words per minute.

The recent interim relief sanctioned by way of an increase in pay of Rs. 4/8/- is also admissible to the above categories.

II. In addition to pay, the following allowances are also admissible:—

(i) Dearness allowance at the rates admissible to Government servants from time to time (the present rate is Rs. 22/-/- per mensem).

(ii) House Rent allowance equal to the excess of the monthly rent paid by the Government servant over 10% of the monthly pay, subject to a maximum of 10% of the pay.

(iii) Grain Compensatory Allowance of Rs 3-12-0 per mensem.

III. Applications in candidates' own handwriting in the prescribed forms, obtainable on request, should reach the Assistant Secretary (Administration), Department of Industries and Supplies, Branch Secretariat, Ahmedabad House, III floor, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay by the 1st December, 1946. 411

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Registered Medical Practitioners for the following posts in Sheth Vadilal Sarabhai General Hospital and Sheth Chinai Maternity Home, Ahmedabad, reaching Superintendent on or before 20-11-46. (1) Medical Officer for Sheth Chinai Maternity Home (preferably a lady) Grade Rs. 150-10-250 with free and furnished quarters, and benefit of Provident Fund Scheme. Intermediate salary may be given to suitable candidates. (2) Casualty Officer in Grade of Rs. 150-10-250 with free and furnished quarters and benefit of Provident Fund Scheme. Preference will be given to those having experience of anaesthesia work and having done House-Surgeonship. Intermediate salary may be given to suitable candidates.

(Sd.) M. D. PATEL,
F.R.C.S. (Eng.),
D.L.O. (Lond.),
Superintendent.
29-10-1946. 412

THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY

APPLICATIONS invited BEFORE 1ST DECEMBER, 1946, for the post of Assistant Labour Officer in the grade Rs. 300/500. AGE: Not more than 35 years. QUALIFICATIONS: (a) Honours Degree in Economics of a recognised University; (b) Preference given to those with at least 3 years' experience as Labour Officer of a Textile Mill; (c) Ability to speak and write Marathi. Selected candidate will be confirmed after one year's approved service, and will then be given the benefit of the Association's Provident Fund. Application to be made to Secretary in the prescribed form, copy of which can be had on application from Association's Office, Elphinstone Building, Churchgate Street, Bombay. 413

PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE MILLOWNERS' ASSOCIATION, BOMBAY

WANTED OFFICE ASSISTANTS in the grade Rs. 250/400. Candidates must be Honours Graduates of a recognised University preferably in Economics or hold a Degree in Commerce. Previous experience in other commercial organisations and associations will count. Knowledge of labour laws essential. Selected candidates will be on probation for one year subject to confirmation on approved service. Higher starting may be offered in appropriate cases. In addition to salary advertised, candidates eligible for dearness allowance according to prescribed scale, and provident fund from date of confirmation. Those over 35 need not apply. Applications in own handwriting should be sent to the Secretary on or before 20th November, 1946. 414

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA

WE ARE PLEASED to announce a New Office of the Bank will be OPENED at TELOK ANSON, MALAYA, on 4th November, 1946. 415

WANTED

A PART-TIME Second Lecturer in Audit and Accountancy for the Hailey College of Commerce required to put in 9 periods a week, salary Rs. 150. Qualifications:— R.A., M.Com., or B.Com. with Accountancy as special subject. CANVASSING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY WILL DISQUALIFY

Applications stating age and qualifications with attested copies of testimonials and certificates should reach Captain M. Bashir, B.Sc. Hons. (Edin.), Registrar (A), University of the Punjab, Lahore, by November 25, 1946. 416

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY TENDERS

TENDERS for the supply of following materials during the year 1947-48 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.) ON WEDNESDAY, the 20th NOVEMBER, 1946:— (1) Brooms Goa, etc.; (2) Brushes Paint, etc.; (3) Brushes, sweeping, etc.; (4) Bullock shoes, nails, pins, etc.; (5) Canvas and Hessian cloth; (6) Charcoal and firewood; (7) C. I. Rain water and soil pipes, etc.; (8) Files and Rasps; (9) Globes Glass for hurricane and Petromax lanterns; (10) Ghamellas; (11) Ladders Bamboo; (12) Lanterns Hurricane; (13) Chappals, Belts and Belting leather; (14) Locks, Brass and iron; (15) Locks Galvd. for water meters; (16) Rope Coir, etc.; (17) Rope Line Cotton and Nose Strings; (18) Nawar Tape and Wicks; (19) Shafts Wooden for picks and powras and poles Nawghani; (20) Cloth oil and rubber sheeting; (21) Boots Ammunition, etc.; (22) Cumblees; (23) Hose Convas, 2.1/2".

Tenders and agreement forms will be issued by the Controller of Stores, Bombay Municipality 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11, on payment of the prescribed charges, who will also furnish any other information.

Tender forms will not be sent by the V.P.P. 422

THE CRICKET CLUB OF INDIA, LTD.

NOTICE

FESTIVAL CRICKET TOURNAMENT

6th November to 19th November, 1946.

Members are requested to collect their badges from the Reception Office.

Badges for wives, daughters, guests and children will be issued from the office on application.

RATES OF ADMISSION
(Inclusive of tax)

Season tickets for Member's wife & unmarried daughters (over 18 years)	Rs. 5/-
Season tickets for guests	Rs. 10/-
Season tickets for Children	Rs. 2/8
Day tickets for guests	Rs. 5/-

M. S. DULEEPSINHJI,
Secretary.

VETERINARY SURGEONS

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from qualified and experienced persons for the two posts of the Veterinary Assistant Surgeon—one at the Government Dry Stock Farm at Palghar, District Thana, and another at the Government Dry Cattle Farm, Jamner, District: East Khandesh—in the scale of Rs. 80-5-110-E.B.-5-160 plus Dearness Allowance admissible under rules. A higher starting salary upto Rs. 130/- in the above scale may be offered to a deserving candidate. Free residential quarters will be provided on the farms.

Applications stating qualifications and experience should be addressed to the Milk Commissioner, Government of Bombay, Wellington Cinema Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay, so as to reach him not later than 25th November, 1946. Candidates may have to appear for an interview at their own expense. 386

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